McKean County Miner.

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NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS & SON, Proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 12:15 p. m., and 5:21 p. m., and leaves at 8:00 a. m., and 3:00 p. m.
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Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

CLARK WILSON, P. M.

Lodge Directory

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. F. ECKELS, W. M.
O. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Backus Hall.

A. E. CORY, N. G.
A. T. SHANAHAN, Sec'y.

Smethport Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F.

Meets the First and Third Wednesdays of each month in Backus Hall.

J. A. MORRISON, Chief Patriarch.
H. M. CROATS, Scribe.

G. A. R.

Post 867, G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

S. C. BUSH, Com.
A. L. HUGHES, Adjutant.

W. R. C.

Meets every Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

Miss LAURA WRIGHT, Pres't.
——— Sec'y.

Knights of St John and Malta.

Keystone Encampment, No. 77, meets every Saturday evening in Backus Hall.

P. A. THOMAS, Em. Com.
W. H. CURTIS, Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 193, meets every second, third and last Tuesday evening of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

CARL SASSE, M. W.
ABRAHAM GORTON, Recorder.

E. A. U.

Meets on first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

L. ROGERS, President.
W. H. KNIGHT, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.

Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Backus Block.

J. S. REYNOLDS, Com.
M. E. GREEN, R. K.

C. M. B. A.

Smethport Branch 21, meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at E. A. U. hall, at 7:30 p. m.

JAMES McKEAN, Pres't.
E. W. OVERHOLSER, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.

Meets every alternate Wednesday afternoon, at 3 p. m., in their hall, Backus Block.

Mrs B. L. FORSYTHE, Pres't.
Mrs. M. B. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

Meetings in Backus Hall on first and third Wednesdays in the month at 7 p. m.

DWIGHT WALKER, S. K. C.
FELIX GALLUP, Scribe,
REV. J. H. McCANDLESS, Warden.

Churches.

Methodist.—T. W. CHANDLER, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 12 m. Sunday. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. E. A. Workers' meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Class Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Baptist.—REV. W. D. CLINGER, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Bible school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All are welcome.

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All Saints' Memorial Chapel—East Smethport—REV. J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. Divine services every Sunday at 3 p. m. Sunday school 2:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

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Congregational church—J. G. HAHN, pastor. Preaching every Sunday morning at 10:30. Sabbath school at 11:30 a. m.; preaching every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, and class meeting at close of evening service. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

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IN LOVE'S HANDS.

A LEGEND OF PENSACOLA—BY MAURICE THOMPSON.

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CHAPTER II.

Every day the gallant young captain sent a messenger.

Pauline, when once she began to convalesce, soon gathered strength to sit up in her bed and through the ample window space watch the whitecap waves run across the beautiful little bay. A luxuriant rose vine trained over the outer wall of the house let fall heavy sprays of bloom and foliage below the rude window cap, and the perfume came in on every pulse of the summer weather. Very often she saw Cortes, active, dark and handsome, passing to and fro in a light sail boat from one side of the little bay to the other, or going back and forth between the shore and his vessel, which lay at anchor within full view of Pauline's window. Every day the gallant young captain sent a messenger to inquire about her health and to ask if there was anything he could do for her, and one morning there came to Pauline's bedside a great pyramid of flowers, many of them new and strange in form and color. The room was fairly flushed with their hues and filled with their sweetness.

The dona, whose long and trying experiences as the wife of a Spanish adventurer had not quenched her French vivacity and love of romance, was delighted to see the attentions of Cortes take this delicate and lover like form. The rather ominous hints of her husband had been suggestive of unspeakable possibilities which, in view of the license prevalent in the colony, might be far from remote. The life led by the men in all the Spanish and French posts on the gulf coast at that time was, as a rule, one of unbridled debauchery. Very few women came from the old world to share the hardships of the new, but the reckless soldiers, traders and adventurers took them so called wives from the West Indies and Caribbean Islands, dusky women often as wicked and dangerous as they were lithe and beautiful. Dona Hortense felt, with all a woman's sensitiveness to such surroundings, the unutterable sufferings which might come to Pauline de la Chasie on account of her falling into the power of Capt. Cortes. True, Cortes was apparently an exception to the general rule among the men of Pensacola, so far as she knew. He had never consorted with the most vicious even of the officers, and his life appeared to be clean and noble.

Still the danger seemed great; and besides she had taken Pauline at once into her heart as her child and felt for her all the suddenly kindled solicitude and tenderness that such a relation under such circumstances could not fail to engender in a breast so long deprived of every softer experience so dear to a true woman. It was therefore a matter to start hope in her over apprehensive breast when the young man, instead of assuming the attitude of a libertine, began to treat Pauline with all the delicate politeness of a considerate and high minded gentleman, who might become a very gallant and by no means unsuitable lover. She had never yet inquired into the antecedents of Pauline, nor had she so much as sought to know by what current of destiny the unfortunate girl had been cast so far away from her native land, but it was not in the nature of things for Pauline to keep her secret. Indeed, Dona Hortense was at once surprised and dismayed when the whole truth was poured into her ear.

"Going all alone to Mobile to marry a *French soldier*!" she exclaimed when Pauline had ended her story. "Dear child, do you dream what you were trying to do? You can have no impression of the misery that you have escaped by falling into my hands instead of into the arms of a brutal"——

"Hush!" said Pauline with such command in her voice that the old woman looked at her and started perceptibly. "Hush! Louis Doucet is not brutal. He is the very noblest and best man in the world. I would follow him all over the earth—I"——

She sank back upon her pillows pale as a lily and trembling with the intense emotion aroused by her thoughts.

"Pardon me—forgive me, dear," cried Dona Hortense, taking Pauline in her arms and kissing her. "I would not wound you for all the world. Doubtless your lover is all that you say; but, oh! my child, my child, it is a dreadful life. Think of dear France and the joyous existence of even her working peasants, and then look at the desolation and the despair which hover over us here!" As she spoke her shriveled face was pinched and its sallowness was touched with a hot, flame-like glow. "If I could go back—if I could go back once more," she moaned, "it would be delicious to die and be buried beside my mother! Oh, little Pauline—sweet child—how I wish I could save you, could bear you back to France"——

"But I do not wish to go back to France," Pauline interrupted. "I wish to go to Louis. I do not care to live if I cannot go to him."

As if the mere suggestion of being taken back to France had given her sudden strength, resolve and courage, Pauline threw off the arms of her companion and raised herself again to a sitting posture.

"How far is it from here to Mobile?" she inquired, in a voice so changed that the poor old woman caught breath, as if almost suffocating, and could not answer. "It cannot be far," Pauline continued, "and I must go there. Who can take me?"

The dona clasped her hands and held them out with a gesture of supplication. When she could speak she said:

"It is impossible. We are at war. Even now the commandant here is planning an expedition to capture Mobile."

The girl sat for some moments gazing thoughtfully out of the window. Presently she turned quickly toward her companion.

"Please send word to Capt. Cortes that I should like to see him."

She uttered these words with the steadiness and decision of one who has a well defined purpose in view.

The dona recoiled.

"Surely not!" she exclaimed. "You do not mean it. It must not be."

"Yes, I wish it immediately."

"But, my child"——

"Lose no time, but go send for Capt. Cortes."

The old woman felt the sudden and great change in Pauline's manner and knew that it had a deeper significance than she could comprehend at once; but although she more than suspected that it might be the beginning of bitter shame for the girl she could not refuse to grant her request.

"Don't, don't do this!" she urged with a piteous weakness in her voice. "You are too young to have any idea of the step you are about to take. Let me be your mother, my dear, dear child, and save you from the dreadful life you would plunge into!"

Pauline answered with tender firmness, insisting upon seeing Cortes at once.

"Well, well, it is always so," the dona went on reflectively and sadly. "I was a girl not so very, very long ago, dear, and I gave up all for a man, all for love. Look at me and at the life I live."

She felt that her words were without effect on Pauline; she did not wait to hear the reply that might have followed, but arose and went to send a messenger to fetch Capt. Cortes.

An hour later the young officer, evidently not a little embarrassed, was shown into Pauline's presence. He stood before her tall, respectful, handsome, his fine head uncovered and his clear eyes fixed inquiringly upon her.

She moved her lips with a soundless effort at speech and made a motion for him to sit down. He took the designated chair with the prompt manner of one obeying an order.

Looking into his face gave Pauline courage to say what was upon her mind, but even when the courage came the task was an extremely difficult one. She felt that the request she was about to make must appear very strange, if not impossible of performance; still she did not hesitate. In the directest and simplest way she told her story to the young officer, leaving out nothing, and then in conclusion asked him to help her.

"I know you are noble, kind and good," she said, looking at him steadily, but with eyes whose deep and tender purity sent a thrill of inexpressible pity through him, "and I feel that I can trust you. Oh, sir, will you not help me to reach Mobile? I have no one to turn to but you. It was you who saved me from the terrible danger, the horrible death in the sea; save me now from this life which is worse than a thousand deaths and take me to my dear—to my friends at Mobile."

It was hard for Capt. Cortes to say what he had to say; but there was no honorable course for him to pursue, save that of perfect frankness. He felt keenly his own situation, while his chivalrous nature burned with deep and strange sympathy for the sweet, brave invalid before him. It abashed him to think that he had been nursing tender dreams in connection with this beautiful being whom he had snatched from the tumbling waves of the gulf. Now that he knew her history and understood her desire he saw how fruitless and how unmanly as well would be any further thought of claiming Pauline's love; moreover, it seemed to him the very refinement of misfortune that he must acknowledge his inability to aid her as she desired.

"I should be glad and proud to do what you ask," he said with a sort of soldierly bluntness in his voice and manner, "but it is utterly impossible. The French do not respect us, nor we them. There can be no exchange of courtesies between us; so you see how my hands are tied in the matter."

Pauline clasped her hands and great tears dropped down her cheeks. Cortes saw her bitter disappointment with a sense of something like contempt for himself on account of his powerless condition.

"Believe me, mademoiselle," he exclaimed with sudden fervor, "I would gladly give you my life to serve you even in the least degree."

"I believe you, sir, and I thank you from the bottom of my heart. You are nobly generous. But is there indeed no way? Must I choose between death and the acceptance of this life now afforded to me?"

Something in her tone and manner sent a shock through the young man's breast. Within the past few minutes there had come upon him the sweet, rich and yet saddening experience of love and loss. Before him sat the fairest and loveliest apparition that had ever blessed his vision. In his heart she had set the fountains of spring to flowing—the song and the bloom to gushing. The old, old story of the sudden coming of passion and the sudden realization of its hopelessness had been told once more between the soft pulses of the sub-tropic breeze. He bowed his head until his dark forehead touched the plume of his hat which rested on his knee. For one moment he gave way to selfishness, and the thought swept through his mind that he might have his own way with fate.

"I am sorry to have pained you," said Pauline presently. "I owe my life to you and I fear that I have appeared ungrateful. Pray forgive me."

Her words sounded to him like the rebuke of an angel. He looked up and said, as if in self defense:

"You owe me nothing but execration. It was I who sunk the vessel which was bearing you to your lover. It was I who deprived you of more than life. Oh! Mademoiselle, mademoiselle"— He checked himself with great effort and rising stood before her quite calm but pale, his eyes burning almost fiercely, his sunburnt cheeks showing the lines of suppressed but almost overpowering emotion.

"You did but your duty. I have thought all about it," she said, "and I do not blame you for it; but I am no prisoner of war, being nothing but a poor girl whom fate has cast into your hands; wherefore it seems to me that you might let me go in all honor."

"I would not hold you one moment," he exclaimed quickly. "You are as free as I am; but there is no possible way for you to pass from here to Mobile. The thought is utterly untenable—the thing is impossible and not to be dreamed of."

No interview ever was more depressing and unsatisfactory to the parties holding it. Pauline felt that it ended all hope, at least for the present, and she lay upon her couch disheartened and purposeless. Cortes went away thoroughly wretched and at war with himself. He was in love with Pauline; his warm, arrogant Spanish nature had broken the bounds at once and now there was no limit to the passion that possessed him; but his chivalrous sense of honor, though overwhelmed, was immovable. The impression haunted him that, for the reason that Pauline was in his power, he ought to free her, and because of his love for her he ought to restore her to her lover. It was well to harbor these sentiments, but what lover could act upon them?

Days and weeks passed by, during which Cortes brooded over the situation. Now and again he resolved that he would attempt to send Pauline to Mobile by some method, but as often he remembered his duty as a soldier. The French at Mobile were the very incarnation of all that was hated by the Spaniards at Pensacola, and to do any kind act for one of them was repugnant to every pulse in a true Spanish soldier's veins. Doubtless the young captain's passion for his fair captive made this repugnance all the more fierce and bitter, for the thought of resigning that captive to the arms of one Louis Doucet of the hated French garrison was the refinement of torture. Still he acknowledged in the deepest caves of his breast that duty of the highest and most sacred sort demanded that he should never rest until Pauline de la Chasie and Louis Doucet, separated by him, should be united by him. It is easy to see how, ordinarily, a struggle of this sort would end. Love, extol it as we may, is the hot bed of a certain kind of unconquerable selfishness. Rare, indeed, are the instances where love has been self sacrificing enough to turn over to its rival the object of its desire. There were moments when Cortes would have made the sacrifice, and at all times he tortured himself between the flame of passion and the hot iron of conscience; but he was human, he found excuses for faltering and hesitating, nay even for what appeared to him harmless deception.

Almost every day he found time to see Pauline and to offer her some delicate attention. Meantime, as the summer passed away, Indian couriers began to bring word of preparations going forward among the French at Mobile for an expedition against Pensacola.

"I have not a doubt that Bienville will attack us soon," said Cortes, one morning early in September.

"And he will take the town, and then!"— exclaimed Pauline, clasping her hands and flushing suddenly.

She was sitting by the window. Returning health had made her form and her face doubly beautiful in the eyes of the young officer.

"But he will not take the town," he responded. "Our force is very strong and our fortifications and fleet are far superior in guns and effectiveness to anything he can bring against us. No, we will destroy him, almost entirely."

"No, no!" cried Pauline, "the French are always victorious. Are you sure they will come? Oh, but I pray that they will and then I shall be free! They will destroy you."

Cortes smiled, but there was a deadly pang behind the smile.

"You will be disappointed, mademoiselle," he said. "It is not possible."

Pauline saw the smile and instantly a flash of indignant resentment made her cheeks burn.

"When my people come," she said, "I shall see how you will destroy them."

"We are nearly 2,000," remarked he, still curling his lip, "and they are scarcely 500, Indians excepted. I tell you that they can do nothing, absolutely nothing."

Pauline sprang to her feet.

"You do not want me to be free!" she cried, her voice rich with passionate accusation.

He arose and looked down at her with a curious mixture of tenderness and harshness in his face. At that moment he realized how fully he had determined that this girl should never go away from him. What would life be worth without her? Who was Louis Doucet that he should hold the exclusive right to such a prize? Would not the water of the gulf be now rolling over her if he—Cortes—had not saved her? How ungrateful she was!

Pauline, looking steadily into his eyes, read his thoughts. She saw the change in his features and manner and felt that all hope was gone.

"And not long ago you said that you would give your life to help me!" she cried, a bitter contempt ringing through her trembling voice.

"I did say that; yea, and I spoke truly," he replied, almost fiercely. "Even now, mademoiselle," and his face swelled with the pressure of violent emotion, "even now I would sacrifice more than life. I would cast away honor for you."

He did not wait to hear what she would say in response to this, but turned and left her with almost rude abruptness.

CHAPTER III.

"Speak and let me live."

The 17th day of September, 1719, dawned on the bay of Pensacola with a slight fog, dim and gray, hovering over the water and fringing with fantastic trailing festoons the shores of the island. The fort on the hill behind the town loomed up quite grandly and showed the projecting muzzles of its heavy guns, while the fleet in the bay and the earthworks on the island gave an appearance of great military strength to the little Spanish post. Doubtless a feeling of perfect security possessed the garrison, for there was no sign of unusual vigilance, albeit on the evening before some Indian runners had come in to assure them that the French were advancing by both land and sea.

The commandant at Pensacola was not aware that the Compte de Champmeslin had re-enforced Bienville's little army at Mobile with a fleet of three ships of the line, nor that a strong force of Indians had been induced to join in an expedition against Pensacola by land. The routine of military discipline was kept up in a perfunctory way, while both the officers and men of the Spanish garrison gave themselves over to the dreamy and relaxing influence of the climate. When off duty they lounged in picturesque groups under the grateful shade of the trees, or sought the rude amusements offered by the low roofed buildings wherein gaming and drinking were indulged in by the very officers whose orders prohibited such indulgence.

To Pauline life grew more irksome and depressing day by day. After the interview recorded in the foregoing chapter she saw no more of Cortes for a long time. The Dona Hortense, after exhausting every means in her power to distract the girl's thoughts from the subject of going to Mobile, had given over the task in bitter grief and disappointment. This gave Don Alphonso most excellent excuse, as he seemed to think, for much sarcasm at his wife's expense.

"Your daughter," he was fond of saying, "is certainly a model of dutifulness and gratitude. Just see how she honors all your wishes."

"She is a girl, Alphonso, as I was once a girl. She has seen a man to love, as I did. He has beckoned, as you did, and she would follow, as did I. Will you tell me how much I honored my mother's wishes when"——

"Not much when you married me. That is true," he interrupted with a laugh which was devoid of mirth. "But after all have you not done fairly well?"

"Perhaps then Pauline might do fairly well if she could go to her lover."

"Let her go to him; her lover is Capt. Cortes."

"She does not love him."

"Well, but she ought to love him; her life is his, he snatched it from the very jaws of death. It is base ingratitude, it is soulless perfidy, in her to reject him."

"You do not understand women."

"Yes, I understand them. This is no very rare instance of their utter lack of a high sense of obligation. Every dictate of conscience, every impulse of unselfishness would force a high souled woman in Pauline's place to give herself to the one who so nobly earned the right to her love."

"But she loves another."

"Loves another? There is the gross selfishness I spoke of. She is thinking all the time of herself. That's the way with a woman. True gratitude, noble unselfishness would address itself to considering the happiness of her chivalrous and brave deliverer. All she cares for, however, is to gratify her own love."

"And what a terrible mistake she sometimes makes by so doing!"

"Granted," said Don Alphonso, rising and making a superb obeisance before his wife. He took his departure without further remark.

Pauline was compelled to overhear most of this conversation, as she sat in an adjoining room, and it came just at the moment when it could affect her most strangely. With the swiftness of light her thoughts flashed back over all the kindness and unselfish nobleness of Cortes, from the moment when he took her in his arms amid the boiling waves down to the present, and something like a chill of self abhorrence ran through her breast. She had not been kind to Cortes, nay, she had been bitterly unkind to him, it now seemed to her. She had been absorbed in herself without room in her heart for any thought, save that of "gratifying her own love," as Don Alphonso had said. How far from home she was, and all alone, with such a burden in her heart! The tension upon her nerves was greater now than at the time when she was clinging to the splintered spar in midsea. Again and again the words of young Cortes came to her: "I would sacrifice more than life, I would cast away honor, for you!" His proud, fine, passionate face, with its sudden flash of strange pallor after its heat of momentary anger, haunted her vision. She had not expected to see him again; but early on the morning of the 17th he came to the house and asked to see her.

She met him with distrust of both herself and him. He was pale and his eyes showed that recently he had been suffering.

"I have come, mademoiselle," he began at once, speaking in the manner of one who acts under the force of ill suppressed emotion with the necessity of haste upon him. "I have come to do what I cannot help doing, what I have struggled not to do, but what cannot be resisted. Mademoiselle, I love you." In the old knightly style he went down upon his knee, his sword clanking against the floor. "I adore you, and I must tell you so. What word have you for me, mademoiselle? Speak and let me live or die."

Pauline could not command herself. She sat silent, the stupor of an overwhelming embarrassment upon her.

"I have tried to stay away from you," he went on, "but I have not been able to do it. You have filled my whole life; I can think of nothing but you. Oh, mademoiselle, mademoiselle, do not hate me, do not spurn me when I love you so!"

"I do not hate you, I do not spurn you, Capt. Cortes," she exclaimed, the effort sending a rich sympathetic timbre into her voice. "You have been so noble and so good—you have done so much for me."

His face took on a look of hope and he reached forth his hand to take hers.

In those days melodramatic things did happen. The jarring thunder of a heavy cannon rolled up from the bay and shook the house from roof to foundation. Another and another crash were followed by the heavy pounding sound of falling round shot. Cortes was too good a soldier not to respond instantly to the summons of battle. In a moment he had sprung to his feet and was standing in a hearkening attitude. Like some perfect actress in a tragedy, more than like a startled girl in real life, Pauline sprang forward and flung out her arms with a cry more of joy than of terror.

"They have come! They are here!" she exclaimed. "They have attacked the town!"

Cortes did not hear her words; he saw only her wondrously lovely face and her arms outstretched toward him.

"Darling!" he cried, and clasped her close to his bosom.

Again, like the bursting of a thunder storm, the cannons roared out their startling detonations. Trumpets were sounding and in every direction arose the noise and bustle of soldiery making ready for battle.

Cortes pressed one long kiss upon Pauline's lips and rushed forth to do his duty, leaving the dazed and trembling girl standing in the middle of the room.

The fleet of the Compte de Champmeslin had sailed into the bay and was pouring broadside after broadside against the slight works on the island, while at the same time Bienville, at the head of 600 men, was hastening by land to attack the fort on the hill behind the town.

The Dona Hortense, very little excited by an experience not in the least new to her, came into the room and put her motherly arms around Pauline. The girl returned the caress with a fervor born of the emotion that was making wild tumult in her breast. To her every cannon shot as it bellowed and boomed told a sweet story of hope and love. She fancied that it was Louis Doucet's hand that was firing every gun; she even imagined that she could hear his voice, vague and far, but clear and sweet above the general din, calling to her to have courage.

"He is coming! He is here!" she cried with her head on the dona's shoulder.

"Be quiet, my child," was the calm answer; "we cannot know what may be the end of this."

They went to the window and looked out to see the heavy ships drawing in toward the town and firing as they came. The Spanish fleet was at anchor close to the main land shore in such a position that its guns were unavailable. Soon enough the battery on the island was quite silenced, while at the same time arose the sound of guns and musketry in the direction of the fort on the hill.

The dona recognized the battle yell of the Indians who were fighting under Bienville. She had heard that savage cry before, and knew well its meaning.

"The Holy Virgin shield us if they succeed," she murmured, showing excitement for the first time.

"Oh, but they must succeed, they must not fail!" cried Pauline. "And see! the ships are taking down their colors—the French have won! Oh, Louis! Louis!"

In the hysteria of her joy she turned and ran out of the house and down the little street toward the strand.

Boats well manned were putting out from the French vessels to come ashore. Meantime the firing at the fort on the hill was thick and heavy, and the Indian allies of Bienville were making the air hideous with their howling.

Pauline had rarely been abroad in Pensacola, and the streets, such as they were, were quite unfamiliar to her. She had run forth without any definite object in view, though a vaguely outlined thought of finding Louis Doucet among the assailing soldiers was certainly uppermost in her mind. The dona followed her, but so swiftly did she fly she was soon out of sight.

"Oh, my poor, poor child," wailed the old woman, stopping all out of breath and wringing her hands.

While she stood there Capt. Cortes, leading a small body of men, approached her. The intrepid young officer, seeing that his vessel must fall into the enemy's hands, had hurried his crew into the small boats and brought them ashore with a view to taking possession of a small block house in the upper part of the town.

"You here!" he exclaimed with the bluntness and sternness of authority. "And where is Mlle. Pauline?"

"Mademoiselle, come with me."

"She is gone—I do not know where—she ran away— Oh! Oh!" moaned the trembling and weeping woman.

"Gone!" he echoed. "Gone! which way? Where? Tell me—be quick!"

Dona Hortense simply lifted her hands and closed them over her ears, as if to shut out the dreadful sounds of the fighting. The earth seemed to rock and palpitate; the air was sulphurous with the drifting films of powder smoke.

"Yonder is the young lady," exclaimed one of the men, pointing with his cutlass.

Pauline was standing in the middle of the little street apparently bewildered. Her head was bare and her long bright hair was floating on the wind. She was an apparition to make a man forget battle and danger and death. Cortes ran to her and laid his hand on her arm.

"Mademoiselle," he said, very firmly, but with infinite tenderness, "come with me."

Then he turned to his men and bidding them follow, he started toward the block house.

Suddenly he thought of the dona. Delay was full of danger at the moment, but he halted again and sent a man to bring the old woman, who still stood weeping where he had left her.

As the little company resumed its march toward the block house, a great increase of the din was observable up at the fort and at the same time a body of men came charging down the street that ran from the hill to the beach of the bay. This was a small detachment of French soldiers, headed by a tall young officer, who swung his sword around his head and encouraged his followers by the most vivacious example and spirit.

Cortes saw that it was too late to reach the block house. He quickly put the women in the rear and formed his men.

Pauline's eyes had seen and recognized the young French leader.

"Oh, Louis! Louis!" Cortes heard her cry out. "Here I am. Come! Come!"

Did the French officer also really hear her? It appeared so, for with a loud shout he leaped forward and hurled himself with his men down upon the now closely marshaled Spaniards. In an instant had begun a close and deadly struggle, a hand to hand conflict with sword and musket butt.

(Continued next week.)

HOW YOUNG GLADSTONE POPPED.

Eugene Field in the Chicago News.

You will perhaps remember that a short time since I gave you the particulars of the wedding of Mr. Henry Gladstone, son of the ex Premier, and Miss Maud Rendel. The story of the wooing has just transpired. It seems that the two met last summer at Posilipo, the young lady's father having at that picturesque little hamlet on the Gulf of Napes a lovely villa. One beautiful evening the two were in the garden overlooking the water upon which the moonlight hung like a misty gaze; the scene was one of poetic loveliness—young Gladstone felt that there never could be a fairer spot or a better moment for the confession of his love, so he declared himself to his inamorato with a fervor which the picturesqueness of the surroundings enhanced, if it did not inspire. Instead, however, of answering him, the pretty girl covered her face with her hands and fled precipitately into the villa.

Of course this astounded the young lover. He could not understand it all. Should he interpret the maiden's conduct as a rejection? If so, it were better for him to leave Posilipo at once. But no, his Scotch instincts came to his rescue. He had done the proper thing properly—he would bide his time. Next morning after breakfast, at which his idol did not appear, he sought the garden and meandered gloomily therein, wondering what tactics he ought to pursue. Suddenly he heard Miss Maud call to him and turning he beheld the young lady advancing. She put both her hands in his and said with charming frankness: "I would not answer you last night, fearing you were under the influence of the insidious summer evening and of the poetical and almost magical scene, and that it was not your heart that spoke; so I would hear in the daytime if you love me, and, if this is so, I will tell you that I am willing to give you my life and my love."

Now isn't this a bit of truth quite as pretty as anything that could be culled from fiction?

A USEFUL PRESENT.

Specht and Sasse are sole agents in this section of the County for the Crosby Invalid Bed. This is one of the most useful articles for the sick room ever invented, and it would be a most welcome christmas present to send to your sick friend. It gives comfort and ease to invalids when they are so exhausted from disease that they are obliged to be lifted from one bed to another to have it made up. It affords easy access to the body in cases of fractures, amputations, dysentary, fevers, rheumatism, &c. It is simple in construction and will not get out of order. Call and see it at their Furniture rooms on Main street.

—Cortland county creamery butter can be found at J. H. Stull's meat market, East Smethport, Pa.

[illegible] where it is [illegible]

If you want [illegible]

If you want [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

If you do not [illegible] [illegible]

Remember that [illegible] the MINER and [illegible] PRESS one year.

MME. MARIA [illegible]

Portrait and Sketch of the [illegible]

Mme. Maria Tchebrikova [illegible] on her long march to [illegible]. The official decree ordering [illegible] lished "Trom Evropyi [illegible]" the euphemism for exile [illegible] Mme. Tchebrikova's offense [illegible]

MME. TCHEBRIKOVA.

[illegible] the Russian newspapers, [illegible] the document, which is [illegible] tone and dignified in [illegible] printed in various [illegible] and America.

Mme. Tchebrikova is [illegible] years old. She has [illegible] contributor to [illegible] and was long a [illegible] sian society. Her uncle, [illegible] zova, was one of the most [illegible] the unsuccessful revolution of Dec. 14, 1825, and she has always been identified with the cause. It is said that the [illegible] clined to treat her with [illegible] that he abandoned his purpose [illegible] tening to a statement from M. D[illegible] his minister of the interior.

The Trials of the Editor.

A story which I cannot vouch for in detail, but which is very characteristic in its way, comes to me as the experience of an editor on one of the popular magazines. A lady secured an audience after several attempts, and said by way of introduction:

"I have decided, before sending my literary productions elsewhere, to let you print them in your paper. I am no novice, but a professional, and write under the name of Myrtle Chesterfield."

"Indeed! Of course, I cannot keep the run of all current literature, and I don't happen to recall that name at the moment."

"Yes, Myrtle Chesterfield. I write extensively for the southern press, the domestic and question departments [illegible], and also contribute to the [illegible] column of The New York Herald."

Another editor's experience I can vouch for, and this time a fond father was the poor, misguided soul. He said to the editor, in strict but pleading confidence, that his daughter had asked that he submit some of her writings—poems, by the way—to the "custodon of the Monthlies."

"Poems?" said the patient editor, gazing at a blank spot in the ceiling. "I am sorry she has chosen poetry, because, well, there is so much of it."

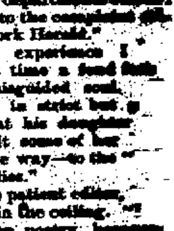
"Ah! I see. Now what kind of articles are you in need of mostly, Mr. Editor?"

"Well—stories; good stories. You may say love stories."

"That will just suit my daughter exactly; I know it will. She's been [illegible] twice herself." G. L.

The New Assistant Secretary of [illegible]

When the civil war began Gen. Lewis A. Grant, recently nominated assistant secretary of war by the president, was a Vermont lawyer. He entered the northern army as major of a Green Mountain regiment, and rose, by regular promotions, to the rank of brigadier general, and the command of the "Vermont brigade." Gen. Grant received the brevet rank of major general Oct. 19, 1864, "for gallant and meritorious services in the campaign before Richmond and in the Shenandoah valley." After the war he engaged in business; first at Des Moines, Ia., and [illegible] at Minneapolis, Minn. He has been a resident of the latter place for six years.



GEN. LEWIS A. GRANT.

"Jean Kincaid."

Mrs. Estelle Hatch Merrill, better known as "Jean Kincaid," of The Boston Daily Globe, is a favorite among Boston newspaper women. She graduated from Wheaton seminary, Mass., and spent five years in teaching, meantime fitting herself for a professorship in botany. Her literary work was begun with occasional articles written for The Boston Transcript. She next sent some special articles to The Globe, and soon afterward was offered a regular position on that paper. It was accepted, and she is now considered one of the "bright" writers on the staff. It was "Jean Kincaid" who first brought the question of a national flower before the public. The subject was started by an editorial of hers in The Sunday Globe, which elicited replies from the most prominent literary men and women in the country. Mrs. Merrill is a tall, graceful young woman, with brown hair and regular features, but after all, a verbal description of her is entirely inadequate.

A Famous Chinaman Dead.

By the recent death of the Marquis Tseng the world loses one of its great statesmen. He was China's bulwark against the "foreign devils," and as a diplomat could hold his own with any of the astute premiers of Europe. Bismarck once declared that Tseng met him "on terms of absolute intellectual equality," a very strong expression of respect for the ex-chancellor to use. The marquis was born in 1837. When 40 years of age he was sent as minister to the great powers of Europe. At the time of his quitting Pekin China was regarded as a decaying barbarian power. When Tseng returned home in 1886 his country had been everywhere recognized as the equal of all the great "civilized" empires.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand, it kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are a few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them, Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. Trial bottle free at Frank Foster's drug store.

—English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport. 26-22-1y

—Go to J. G. Hall, of Port Allegany, Pa., for all kinds of flooring, ceiling, wainscoting, siding, wood turning, mouldings, etc. Fine letter heading a specialty. [illegible]

[illegible] ED EVERY FRIDAY.

[illegible]

[illegible] Publishers and Proprietors.

Smethport, Pa., April 25, 1890.

Republican County Convention.

[illegible]

W. H. WEAVER,

Chairman Republican County Committee, Bradford, Pa., April 7th, 1890.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Hon. Lewis Emery, Jr., as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the Congressional Convention of this district.

We are authorized to announce R. W. Smith, [illegible] as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the Congressional Convention of this district.

We are authorized to announce Hon. Lewis [illegible] as a candidate for Congress in the [illegible] Congressional district, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention for said district.

[illegible] to announce my name as a candidate for County Superintendent of [illegible] subject to the decision of the [illegible] Convention to be held [illegible] May.

M. O. CAMPBELL.

[illegible], April 11th, 1890.

[illegible] Directors of McKean County [illegible]

[illegible]

W. F. [illegible]

County Superintendent of McKean County. [illegible], April 10, 1890.

The orders have gone forth have they that Mr. Emery is to be downed in McKean county? It would seem that this is the Andrews programme. Well, time will demonstrate whether Mr. Andrews or the Republicans of McKean county control the policy of their party organization. One of these days Mr. Andrews will bite off more than he can chew.

The Supreme Court of Indiana has decided that a will drafted on Sunday is valid, and that such labor is not in violation of the law forbidding "common labor" on Sunday. It holds that there is a [illegible] distinction between the execution of contracts, notes and bonds on Sunday and the execution of a will. It might as well be said, argues the court, that the minister who marries a couple on Sunday was engaged in "common labor," or at his usual vocation as that the lawyer who drafts a will is so engaged.

Congressman McKinley spoke [illegible] when he said that the death of Samuel J. Randall removes from public life a man who for 25 years has been a positive force in public affairs. If he was that was he not great? Of Mr Randall Speaker Reed said: "It would be useless to try to express in a few words the sense of great loss which we all feel in Mr Randall's death. My esteem for him was very great and I have always had and expressed the highest admiration for his qualifications and courage. He was a good friend, a brave man, and a [illegible] beyond reproach."

The United States Supreme Court has rendered a decision affirming the United States Circuit Court which released Neagle, the Deputy Marshal who killed Judge Terry, who was about to make an attack upon Justice Field in California last summer. The only two Democrats who sat in the case, Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Lamar, dissented. They still cling to the old Calhoun doctrine of State rights, and think that Neagle should have been tried by the State courts, notwithstanding that he was a United States officer and that the shooting was done in performance of his duty.

Ex-Governor James Pollock died at the residence of his son in law, H. T. Harvey, Esq., in Lock Haven, on Saturday afternoon last, in the 80th year of his age. He was one of the purest and best Governors this State ever had. He was elected Governor in 1854, having previously served 3 terms in Congress and one as President Judge of the 8th Judicial district. During the war he held the position of Director of the Mint at Philadelphia and later on was Naval Officer at that port. His remains were buried at Milton on Tuesday last in the presence of a large concourse of friends including many notable people.

The tariff bill was reported to the House on Wednesday afternoon of last week. At the last minute hides were put upon the free list. Sugar is also put upon the free list, and a bounty of two cents a pound provided for the next fifteen years for the producers of sugar in this country. It is estimated that the bill will make a reduction of about $70,000,000 per annum in the receipts of the Government. The report of the majority of the Ways and Means committee which accompanied the bill says: "It was the aim of the committee to fix the duties upon that class of manufactured goods and farm products which can be supplied at home so as to discourage the use of the foreign goods and products, and secure to our own people and our own producers the home market, believing that competition among ourselves will secure reasonable prices to consumers in the future, as it has invariably done in the past. The bill is framed in the interest of the people of the United States. It is for the better defense of American homes and American industries." There were two minority reports, one by Mr. McKenna against the sugar clause, and one by Mr. Carlisle representing the Democrats against the whole bill.

[illegible] Corry Mail [illegible] vicious abuse of ex Senator Emery. It consisted in the publication of articles from the Crawford, Clearfield and other county papers in which Mr. Emery was venomously assailed because of the charges made by him in his Bradford speech against Senator Delamater. It seems incredible that money could buy space in a newspaper, however obscure, in which to vilify a citizen of the county of Mr. Emery's standing. No reputable paper would for an instant listen to such a proposition. No one man has done more to advance the material prosperity of the county than the Senator and to-day he is putting in a plant for the refining of oil, between Bradford and Tarport, which when completed will cost in the neighborhood of a hundred thousand dollars. His maligners have not a cent invested in the physical development of the county, and most of them could cross the State line with all they possess on their backs.

Mr. Emery did make charges against Geo. W. Delamater but solely against his conduct as a public official not as a private citizen. He had no trouble in procuring the evidence to substantiate the charges, but before making them public he submitted them with the evidence to his attorneys. The evidence was so conclusive that the attorneys did not hesitate to advise him to give publicity to the charges. And why should they have advised differently? Why would not a great wrong be perpetrated against the Republican party of Pennsylvania to have a man made its standard bearer who is guilty of crimes against the State? The charges, made weeks ago, appeared in the Miner last week, but up to this time Mr. Delamater has not deigned to notice them further than to say that his vote in the north western counties will be a sufficient answer.

The Pittsburgh *Chronicle Telegraph*, one of the ablest and one of the most reliable Republican papers of Pennsylvania, published the following challenge to Mr. Delamater two weeks ago, but up to this time it has received no attention whatever from that individual. We ask all good Republicans to read it and then decide for themselves what kind of policy it would be to place at the head of their ticket a man with such charges standing against him. Here is the challenge:

We ask the Republicans of Pennsylvania to consider the fact that we charge that the defeat of the Billings-ley bill by the Legislature was worth $60,000 to Senator George W. Delamater, now a candidate for Governor. We agree to instantly withdraw this charge and humbly apologize if Mr. Delamater or any of his friends will convince us that this statement is untrue. * * * The facts are known to many persons. The allegation is a most serious one. Can the Meadville candidate afford to remain silent? Our place of business is at No. 42 Fifth avenue where letters or processes will be sure to find us.

Is it not criminal for the Republican papers of the State to suppress these charges? Are they not doing great injustice to their party by covering them up, and after the nomination is made having them unmasked in all their hideousness by the Democratic press? We think so and we will not be a party to such proceedings.

Mr. Wm. H. Andrews, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, now says that he is giving no attention to the interests of any particular candidate for Governor but is devoting his time to the legitimate business of the committee. Well, it is gratifying news to the Republicans of the State to know that Mr. Andrews is at last engaged in some other business than corrupting the press and people. For six months past his sole business has been to travel from one end of the State to the other and distribute cash for newspaper and other support for his candidate for Governor. Occasionally he would sneak into a county where he would be found setting up schemes for capturing its delegates for his candidate. Never before in all the history of the Republican party of Pennsylvania has a Chairman of the State Committee been engaged in such nefarious work. Heretofore they have been men of character and dignity and would have considered it an insult for anyone to suggest that they engage in the work in which Mr. Andrews has shown himself to be an adept. This cash business only has its parallel in this State when Geo. B. Delamater (father of Mr. Andrews' candidate for Governor) and Geo. K. Anderson contested for the nomination for a seat in the State Senate at the election of 1873 in Crawford county. It was currently reported at the time that the cost to each of the candidates in that fight was not less than $30,000, and the debauchery of the voters was fearful to contemplate. A man who is schooled in Crawford county politics is hardly a fit man to be placed at the head of the Republican organization of the State.

If Senator Quay is in earnest in his assertion that he favors the nomination of no particular candidate, it will not be long before the proof of his sincerity can be produced. At present almost the entire State organization is working to a common end. That end is the nomination of Senator Delamater. Now the State organization was never intended to perform work of this kind. It should endeavor to conciliate, not antagonize. If the Senator is in earnest, he has but to call off Mr. Andrews and his subordinates and allow the will of the people to find free expression. This would be the right as well as politic thing to do, and it can truthfully be added that no other course will be adequate or convincing.—Pottsville *Miner's Journal*.

LITERARY NOTES.

L. E. CHITTENDEN, register of the United States Treasury under President Lincoln will contribute to *Harper's Magazine* for May the account of an absolutely unique episode in the history of our national credit. The article entitled "Making United States Bonds under Pressure," and some of the circumstances are now made public for the first time. Between twelve o'clock on a certain Friday in 1862 and four o'clock a. m. on the following Monday, Mr. Chittenden had to sign twelve thousand five hundred bonds to the amount of ten million dollars. Why this feat was necessary and what was accomplished by it are told by the chief actor in it.

[illegible] last for delegate representation at the coming Republican State Convention goes on apace, the favorites scoring a point or two every little while, and the followers of the several aspirants for the nomination of Governor each in turn claims the convention as sure for his man, it is anyone's race as yet and if one may judge of the feeling in many sections of the State, it is not improbable that the winning man has not yet appeared among the lists of aspirants. Recent happenings have more than proved that the old spirit of independentism is not dead, but is ripe to start into renewed life again, in certain events, and make the issue for the Republican nominee one of extreme uncertainty. The cry of "Hands off, give the people a chance," comes not from any particular section of the State, but is coming from many portions of the State and shows the unwillingness of the people to allow themselves to be utterly ignored in the selection of a candidate to bear the Republican standard to victory this fall.

On Saturday evening last the Hastings Club of Harrisburg held an enthusiastic meeting at our court house and adopted resolutions of support for General Hastings for Governor, and from this on until the nomination is made an active canvass of our city will be made for a Hastings delegate to the State Convention. The Hastings Club will support and urge Wilson C. Fox, a prominent G. A. R. comrade, for delegate to the State Convention, while Lyman D. Gilbert, ex Deputy Attorney General of the State, will be urged as a Delamater delegate by the straight out, all the time, old fashioned Republicans, the situation in the capital city is decidedly interesting. Recently the name of Judge Paxson, Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court, has been urged as a compromise candidate—and it is reported that Judge Paxson would accept if tendered the honor.

The Major Generalship of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, made vacant by the death of General Hartranft, has been at least temporarily solved. Brigadier General Snowden, of the first Brigade, by virtue of the seniority of his commission, will be assigned to the command of the division encampment at Mt. Gretna, while Col. Robert P. Dechert, of the 2d Regiment, 1st Brigade, will temporarily be assigned to the command of the 1st Brigade. This order of things is interpreted to mean that if Brigadier General Snowden behaves like a good boy and makes a success of this year's encampment and shows that he is capable of handling the division, that then he will be promoted to the vacant Major Generalship.

Governor Beaver is reported as having said, when asked about his assignment to this place at the expiration of his Gubernatorial term, "Under no circumstances will I accept such an assignment." It had been currently reported in military circles that the vacant Major Generalship was to be held open for Governor Beaver, but the Governor himself, in the interview stated above, sets such rumors at rest.

Senator Quay passed through our city the other day on his way west. He could not be interviewed on the Republican situation any further than to get his denial that he was interfering in any way in favor of any one aspirant as against any other candidate for the nomination. He said when "the slate" was referred to, "I will not scratch any candidates off or any candidates on. I am not interfering at all."

The Democratic State Executive Committee held a meeting in Harrisburg last week to decide upon a date for the Democratic State Convention. There was fun at the meeting, too. Some present saw a rainbow of promise in the political sky and wanted an early convention and a vigorous, aggressive campaign. Some of the cooler heads said halt, let the Republicans make their nomination first and let us know who we have to fight and we must fight them and their platform. This simply means that the old Bourbon party is not unanimous in its support of Wallace, and as one of the committeemen said to your correspondent, only look for victory with Wallace as their standard bearer in certain contingencies. In other words Wallace is not the man to unite the Democracy of the State.

There were present at this meeting ex Senator Cone, Luzerne Co. Hon. B. F. Myers, Dauphin Co. Marshall Wright, Lehigh Co., Chas. P. Donnelly, Philadelphia, and Aiken, Lawrence Co. Mr. Kisner, chairman, was also there.

Ex Senator Wallace was also in the city, but singular to relate, to all interviewers he said, "I am here on business other than politics," yet it is known that frequent pilgrimages were made from committee headquarters to the Bolton House, Wallace's stopping place, by the various committeemen but so secret was the business transaction with the Clearfield ex Senator that the public can know nothing of it.

The brethren of the Democratic faith are not pleased with the outlook for a Wallace delegation from Philadelphia where the sentiment is decidedly for ex Governor Pattison, but notwithstanding Mr. Wallace is reported to have said that he does not need a single delegate from Philadelphia to ensure his nomination, he can get there without Philadelphia's delegation. Let us grant this, but then let us also ask what does Mr. Wallace expect to gain without Philadelphia's Democratic vote? "The Ides of November" will show. There is an undercurrent of dissatisfaction with Wallace and while he seemingly has a clear field to himself just now, it does not by any means indicate that he is to have a walk over in the Democratic convention. His apathy and indifference to the calls of his party in the recent past for assistance and his refusals to respond are not forgotten, and the always faithful and ready for business workers feel that only because Wallace sees the possibility of success for his party this fall has he thrust himself forward and demanded the highest seat in the synagogue.

ALCIONE.

THE HIGHEST MOTIVE.

The following is taken from a discussion on the subject of "The Highest Motive," delivered by Mrs. A. D. Cloud, principal of Custer City schools, at Teachers' Annual Association held at Kane, April 10, 11, 12, 1890:

It is not the intention to discuss exhaustively a subject so broad and full of meaning, but to consider briefly a few points which we, as teachers, are prone to overlook and which are paramount in importance. First, there is the question of order. If the teacher had no higher motive for insisting on good order than the fact that pupils cannot learn if disorderly, that would be amply sufficient. We must have order or pupils cannot learn; but this is the least important reason for keeping order. Too often we hear, "Stop that noise! You make my head ache, I can't stand it." Yes! You can't stand it? Is that a reason at all why our pupils shall be orderly? Those pupils who are trained daily to sit, stand, march, walk to and from classes, take books, raise hands in answering questions, promptly and with precision

Our pupils will become [illegible] the rules of order, will yield prompt and cheerful obedience, will form habits of industry and regularity, all for the one and highest motive of development of character. Teachers can have no higher motive than this one, well worthy of years of patient effort and enduring zeal.

We should never lose sight of the terrible effect on the character of a child of oft repeated violation of rules. Acts repeated form habits. Do we ever stop to think what terrible habits we are permitting, yea, causing to be formed?

Ten years in a school where rules may be violated, and where the effect is estimated on the discipline of the school only, would endanger a boy's prospects in time and eternity. When teachers realize this truth, that disregard for rules in the school is a training in disregard for laws of the nation, and the nation's God, no true teacher will continue in the profession without keeping order. The order should be positive—the order of life and not of death—the order of joyous activity and not of listless dullness.

Weak, indifferent teachers are guilty of the greatest sin, for they give a training that is calculated to weaken the character of the child. Character is the best gift a child possesses and the school should be the best place in the world to develop and strengthen it, therefore a teacher who fails in order, fails in the highest duty.

All calisthenic movements have a most important reflex action in the formation of character. Train the body for health if need be, but let us not forget the broader, better work we may do, if we consider the moral possibilities of such training.

Writers have told us that the mind has such an effect on the body as to picture the character there. If this be true, why not a reflex action and the body affect the mind. The man who has eaten a hearty dinner of lobster salad, etc., will complain that he has no friends, the world looks dark and he is melancholy.

Get slouching Tom and lazy John to stand erect and say, "How dare you say such words to me? I am thy master a boy." He will be the master at least as long as he is saying it, and who shall say what the effect will be?

What did Charlotte Cushman mean when she said, "Young actors do not play the part of villain too often?" It is clear to all thinking people that the objects for which we, as teachers, are working is something greater and grander than the mere gaining of knowledge. We seek to give our pupils that power that shall enable them to fully prepare themselves for life's battles. When a child has gained the power to be self educating, he is ready to leave school, for are we not training him to gain such power?

Let it be remembered that in a work like this where aim is,

> "Not forts, nor ships, nor armed hosts,
> Nor gold, nor titles grand,
> But true hearts beating for the right,
> God and our native land."

there should be no such word as fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses curative powers peculiarly its own and which make it "peculiar to itself." Be sure to get Hood's.

His Body Terribly Mangled.

A shocking accident occurred at the Union Knitting Mills, whereby Isaac Cox was horribly mutilated. Red Flag Oil the famous pain cure was quickly applied and recovery soon followed, you can try this great remedy for 25 cents.

If you want to drive away dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, poor appetite and all evils arising from a disordered liver, use Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator. Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's drug store.

Some Startling Facts.

The official returns from Boards of Health show that nearly three fourths of all deaths are from consumption, when we think over this fact it is really awful, though every case started with a simple cough or cold, realize how important it is to check this terrible malady which can be done by using Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 cents. Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's drug store.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale [illegible] No. 1 shingles. Call on or address A. J. BOND, Smethport, Pa.

April 25—tf

THOMPSON HOUSE.

MT JEWETT, PA.

C. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor

This house has recently been remodeled and refurnished throughout. First-class restaurant in connection with the house. 37 12-17

Notice.

AND NOW, NOVEMBER [illegible], 1889 it is ordered that the regular term of Court of Common Pleas, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Orphans' Court heretofore commencing on the fourth Monday of May, in each year and continuing two weeks, shall hereafter commence on the first Monday of June in each and every year until changed according to law and continue two weeks.

PER CURIAM.

Attest

J. M. McELROY, Prothonotary

Men Wanted! Salary

To reliable men we will give steady employment and LIBERAL SALARY paying their expenses. We grow our own stock and GUARANTEE it to be strictly first-class in every particular, true to name as ordered. Full instructions furnished. Experience unnecessary. Apply at once stating age. Address E. C. PEIRSON & CO., Maple Grove Nurseries, Waterloo, N. Y. (Established over 30 years.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge, of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday, Dec. 13th, 1889, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Quarter Sessions, at the borough of Smethport, Pa., on Monday the 12th day of May, A. D. 1890 and to continue one week, for the consideration of Licenses.

Dated at Smethport, Pa., April 22, 1890, and in the 114th year of the independence of the United States of America.

W. H. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Pianos - Organs.

The improved method of fastening strings of Pianos, invented by us, is one of the most important improvements ever made, making the instrument more richly musical in tone, more durable, and less liable to get out of tune.

Both the Mason & Hamlin Organs and Pianos excel chiefly in that which is the chief excellence in any musical instrument, quality of tone. Other things, though important, are much less so than this. An instrument with unmusical tones cannot be good. Illustrated catalogues of new styles, introduced this season, sent free.

MASON & HAMLIN

Organ and Piano Co.,

Boston. New York. Chicago.

April 25—3 w

BRADFORD

Driving Park and Fair Association.

BRADFORD, PA.

1890—SPRING MEETING,—1890,

JUNE 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Purses $4,300.

New track and grounds, located south of the city, within fifteen minutes walk from Main street.

A. C. HAWKINS, Pres't.
F. H. CHAPMAN, Vice Pres.
C. C. MELVIN, Treas.
W. E. WEAVER, Sec'y.

LAKE ERIE TROTTING CIRCUIT DATES.

Meadville, Pa.	May 27 to 30 inclusive	
Erie, Pa.	June 3 to 6	"
Warren, Pa.	June 10 to 13	"
Jamestown, N. Y.	June 17 to 20	"
Bradford, Pa.	June 24 to 27	"
[illegible], N. Y.	July 2 to 6	"

April 25—17

[illegible] Pa., to be held at [illegible] May [illegible], 1890.

HOTEL LICENSES.

Bradford City—First Ward.

Morris Harris, Black Bear Hotel, Nos. 8, 17 and 19 Pine street. Residence same.
Otto Clark, Oil City House, Nos. 123 and 125 north side Main street. Residence same.
P. H. Gallagher and William Devine, Philadelphia House, No. 90 south side of Main street. Residence same.
P. Halloran, United States Hotel, Nos. 88 and 90 Mechanic street. Residence same.
P. McNamara, Corry House, Nos. 10 and 12 Webster street. Residence same.
James Murty, Capitol, No. 60 Main Street, Residence same.
James H. Burns, Washington House, Nos. 6 and 8 Webster street. Residence same.
Levi Berwald, Sheehan House, No. 29 east side Mechanic street. Residence same.
P. C. Hurley, Bay State Hotel, No. 73 south side Main street. Residence same.
Edwin L. Durkee, Industry Hotel, No. 17 Davis street. Residence same.
William C. McBride, Option House, No. 33 North side Main street. Residence same.
Henry Scaifeld and George H. Griffin, Arlington, No. 31 north side of Main street. Residence same.
Fred Meckel, Union House, Nos. 125 and 127 south side Main street. Residence same.
J. D. Hart, Henderson House, northeast corner Webster and Corydon streets. Residence same.
James C. Fox, St. James Hotel, Mechanic street head of Main street. Residence same.
D. J. Wilder, Pierce House, Nos. 107 and 109 Main street. Residence same.
Patrick Bateman, Bateman House, No. 123 Main street. Residence same.
Frank P. Honey, Riddell House, Cor. Main and Davis streets. Residence same.
T. & Connelly, Connelly Hotel, No. 93 Mechanic street. Residence same.
J. L. Andrews, Hotel Brunswick, No. 29 Main street. Residence same.
John R. Fisher, Willard Hotel, Nos. 116, 118, 120 Main street. Residence same.

Bradford City—Third Ward.

D. G. Sutherland, Aiken House, Nos. 101, 103 and 105 Washington street. Residence same.
J. Polk Abbott, Bennett Brook House, corner Mechanic and Washington streets. Residence same.

Corydon Township.

E. D. Tome, on Willow Creek road. Residence same.

Eldred Borough.

William P. Reilly, St. Elmo Hotel, corner Main and street leading to depot. Residence same.

Eldred Township.

W. G. Holder, Junction Hotel, at Larrabee, Residence same.

Foster Township.

James I. McCrea, Derrick City House, Derrick City. Residence same.
George G. Davis, Stanford House, Gilmore. Residence same.
J. R. Goodenough, corner Bradford and Smethport road and plank road, New City. Residence same.
F. F. French, Park Hotel, Foster Brook park. Residence same.

Hamlin Township.

W. W. Brewer, Brewer House, Mt. Jewett. Residence same.

Kendall Borough.

Jonas Artley and Phillip S. Artley, American House, corner Kendall and Main street. Residence same.

Keating Township.

Thomas Lent, Brunswick House, Coleville. Residence same.

Kane Borough.

John Shea, St. Elmo Hotel, corner Fraley and Haines street. Residence same.
John Fleming, Fleming Hotel, west side of Fraley street. Residence same.
Frank Seitz, Centennial Hotel, east side Fraley street. Residence same.
Dick Donovan, Hotel La Mont, west side Fraley street. Residence same.
Harvey M. Cornen, Kane House, west side Fraley street. Residence same.

Lafayette Township.

Ed. J. Head and D. E. Blair, Butts House, Mount Alton. Residence same.
H. L. Wiscom, Lafayette Hotel, Lafayette. Residence same.
E. Coast, Hurley House, Big Shanty. Residence same.

Otto Township.

J. V. Brown, Duke House, Duke Centre, west side Main street. Residence same.

Port Allegany Borough.

Stephen C. Sartwell, Sartwell House, south side Mill street. Residence same.
Chester L. Palmer, Port Allegany House, cor. Main and Mill streets. Residence same.

Smethport Borough.

Frank M. Taylor, Grand Central Hotel, south side of Main street corner of Fulton street. Residence same.
J. A. Verdon, Chautauqua House, north side of Main street, corner Fulton street. Residence same.
Alfred H. Peirce, Peirce House, south side of Water street. Residence same.
H. F. Wright, Wright House, cor. Main and Mechanic streets. Residence same.

Sergeant Township.

J. F. Keating, Clermont House, Clermont. Residence same.
Louis Steinbauer, Steinbauer House, Clermont. Residence same.

EATING HOUSE OR RESTAURANT LICENSES.

Eldred Borough.

C. M. Coleman, European Hotel and Restaurant, opposite W. N. Y. & P. R. R. depot. Residence same.
Patrick Cull, depot street, opposite W. N. Y. & P. R. R. depot. Residence same.

Eldred Township.

Ransom Larrabee, at Larrabee. Residence same.

Liberty Township.

Samuel W. Quick, Liberty Hotel. Portage Creek. Residence same.

Otto Township

D. M. Canley, Empire House, Duke Centre east side Main street. Residence same.
W. L. McDonald, Central Restaurant, Duke Centre, north side Main street. Residence same.

Port Allegany Borough.

Joseph D. Swallow, Allegany Restaurant, south side Mill street. Residence same.
Andrew J. Conley, European Hotel and Restaurant, west side Pearl street. Residence same.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LICENSES, WITH OR WITHOUT OTHER GOODS.

Bradford City—First Ward.

P. Fragner, No. 109 Mechanic street. Residence No. 22 Bushnell street, Bradford City.
N. E. Collins and F. J. Collins, No. 88 Main street. Residence of N. E. Collins No. 87 Corydon street, and of F. J. Collins Loom No. 33 St. James Hotel, Bradford City.
James L. Kerstetter, No. 28 Main street. Residence same.
Bear Kerdonski, No. 81 Main street. Residence Bradford City, Pa.
A. M. Mayer and M. Rolland, No. 114 Main street. Residence Bradford City, Pa.

Eldred Borough.

William Duringer, cor. Depot street, opposite W. N. Y. & P. R. R. Residence Olean, N. Y.

LICENSE TO BOTTLE AND VEND MALT AND BREWED LIQUORS.

Bradford City—Fourth Ward

S. S. Woodbury, No. 37 Mechanic street, cor. Mechanic street and N. Y. L. E. & W. R. R. Residence Bradford City, Pa.
Patrick M. Davitt, No. 33 Mechanic street. Residence Bradford City, Pa.

Eldred Borough.

F. Simon and E. Doerr, west side of Railroad street. Residence Eldred borough, Pa.

All licenses must be lifted within fifteen days after the same are granted or they will be void.

J. M. McELROY, Clerk
HUGH P. BRAWLEY, Deputy

Smethport, Pa., April 22, 1890.

Ordinance No. 33.

IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED AND ENACTED by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Smethport.

That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to vend, hawk, peddle, canvass or solicit orders in the Borough of Smethport for any patent medicines, nostrums or other preparations or wares or merchandise or manufactured goods by samples or otherwise, or books (except books sold by subscription only), pictures, grapes, fish or meats without first obtaining a license so to do from the Burgess of said Borough and paying therefor the following license fee: To sell patent medicines, nostrums and other preparations, two dollars per day. To sell stationery, cutlery or manufactured goods other than those hereinafter stated, books (except as above excepted), pictures, grapes, fish or furniture, one dollar per day. To sell shirts, furnishing goods or clothing by sample or otherwise, groceries to private houses by sample or otherwise, wholesale or retail; wagons, carriages or sleighs by sample or otherwise, three dollars per day. To sell cut meats, twenty-five dollars per year. Fish peddlers may have a license for one year for five dollars. This ordinance shall not apply to persons in the borough holding mercantile licenses nor to persons resident in the county selling their own farm produce. And in no case shall the person or persons licensed under this section occupy any of the sidewalks, streets, lanes, alleys or public grounds in such manner as to obstruct public travel. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance shall be fined not less than two dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars for each and every offense, to be recovered as penalties are by law recovered. And that ordinance No. 31, relating to hawking, and peddling be and the same is hereby repealed. This ordinance to take effect May 1, 1890.

Adopted April 14, 1890.

F. W. BROWNELL, Burgess

Attest:

JOHN FORREST, Secretary

Valuable Mill Property For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS HIS SAW mill property, which is admirably located for business, for sale. The mill is located on Kinzua Creek, in Hamlin township, four miles southwest of the big bridge, and on the Kinzua railroad. Connected with the property is 100 acres of choice hemlock timber and surrounding it for miles in every direction is a forest of hemlock, which for quantity and quality cannot be surpassed in Pennsylvania. The mill is the Clark Brothers' Improved and is capable of making fifty thousand feet of lumber every day. The mill property embraces three dwelling houses, a large boarding-house, a blacksmith shop and a barn. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber on the premises, or of Dr. W. L. Chrisman, at Eldred.

JAMES DOYLE.
P. O. address, Mt. Jewett, Pa.

For Sale.

A MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE, WITH A valuable water power. Good place for shingle mill or grist mill. Address the undersigned.

MRS. SUSAN E. STRONG,
East Smethport, Pa.

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 33 6a.

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO, April 22, '90.

Just now the store blossoms out with a sale of dress goods and silks that are so moneyfull that they are phenominal bargains.

Among the dress goods these—

At 18 cents, 36 inch Wool Plaids and Stripes. Sackings in variety of mixture. Brocades in all the new shades. No such values ever been offered.

At 25 cents, 36 inch Wool Plaids, Stripes, Mixtures, Tricots, Henriettas, etc., not a piece worth less than 37½c.

At 37½ cents, 36 inch ALL WOOL Plaids, Stripes, Tricots, Sackings and Henriettas, every yard worth 50c.

At 50 cents, Serges, Henriettas, Stripes, Plaids, Brilliantine in Black and colors—all great values, new and desirable.

Special value in Robe Dresses at $10, $12 and $15.

And here is a point or two among the silks—

Printed Indias 22 inches wide at 39c, cheap at 50c.

A full line of Colored Surahs all Silk at 48c.

18 inch Black Surah at 37½ and 48c.

54 inch Black Surah at 69 and 79c.

5 pieces of the well known Guinet Black Silk at 98 cents. Regular price, $1 25.

10 pieces Black Brocaded Silk at 96c. Worth $1 50. Big value.

If you will write for samples quickly we will send them, only give us second and a third choice in case the first is gone, because quantities are not large and they are the talk of the town already.

No need for words. Samples will speak for themselves.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

FURNITURE

Established, 1836.

BUY OF THE MAKER

And we box, ship and pay the freight on all out of town orders.

LIBERAL HOUSE FURNISHING.

It is not necessary for us to blackguard all our competitors in order to attract attention to our establishment.

WE DO BUSINESS

On business principles and allow no senseless advertisement to appear over our name.

When we have articles at rare value offer to the public, we present them in the most attractive form, and have always been able to show our customers and friends every article that we advertised at the price we advertised. Our motto is

HIGHEST IN QUALITY,
LOWEST IN PRICE

And we maintain it. Remember, it is much better to make your purchase from a large and well assorted stock, than to take "Hobson's Choice" from a small sample line. We claim that our styles are

ALL CORRECT

In the way of Chamber sets, we give you an opportunity to make a selection from over 100 different patterns. These sets are built of Mahogany, Walnut, English Oak, Antique Oak, Natural Ash and Cherry.

AND THE PRICES'

An Antique Finished Hardwood Set	$17 50
A Solid Oak Set	20 00
An English Oak Set, Extra Heavy	25 00
A Hand Polished Set (four finishes)	32 50
A Marble Top Walnut Set, complete	35 00

Where in Western New York can you find as good value?

Our line of medium and fine grade chamber sets stands without a peer in Western New York, and we can show more styles at prices ranging from $75 to $300 than can be seen elsewhere in this city. If you are in want of anything in the way of chamber furniture,

GIVE US A CALL.

At this season of the year it is generally necessary to fix up the parlor, or music room, or reception room a little, and you naturally figure where you can have it done the best, and at the same time at the lowest price.

We carry everything in the line of Drawing Room and Parlor Furniture, and shall be pleased to give you our best attention whether you buy of us or not; but we feel sure that in looking through our vast assortment, you will find just what you want, and at a price that will surprise you by its exceedingly low figure.

JUST A PRICE OR TWO.

A Hair Cloth Parlor Set	$35 00
A Silk Plush Parlor	50 00
An Embossed Plush Prior	50 00
A Large Solton Plush Parlor Set	55 00

And all other prices in proportion. We devote

NEARLY AN ACRE

Of floor room to our display of Parlor and Upholstered Furniture, and can assure you of a most excellent assortment.

A postal card is enough to get our catalogue prepared especially for out of town buyers.

HERSEE & CO.,

247-255 Elliott St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Two blocks from Main.

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled.

H. C. WELLS, - Smethport, Pa.

Wall Pap

AND

Decorations.

A full car load of Birge's Wall Papers and Ceiling Decorations, the finest in the market, have just been received by us, which will be furnished at strictly factory prices, if we put it on. For this purpose we have two first-class paper hangers. Our patrons can thus secure a saving of twenty five per cent., as we furnish the paper at wholesale prices and charge no more for putting it on.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES

are embraced in this stock, which for

BEAUTY AND ORIGINALITY

are not equalled by those of any other manufacturer in the United States. Call and examine at our store.

SPECHT & SASSE.

Smethport, Pa.

1890

Finds us with larger and better stock of

CYCLES,

Cripples Tricycles,

Sundries, &c., than ever. Also more room, repair shop and riding school, and centrally located for both local and shipping trade, exchanging &c.

Have added a fine line of Safes, Writing Desks and Road Carts, and am ready to quote Low Prices.

M. A. WOODBURY,

43—47 Mechanic Street, - BRADFORD, PA.

THE BEST

Meat and Vegetable Market

—IN—

SMETHPORT.

We are prepared to furnish the people of town and adjacent country with

FRESH MEAT,

HAM, SAUSAGES,
Salt Meats, Corned Beef, Lard,
Chickens, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts

G. W. WILLIAMS & SONS

Main Street. - - Smethpor, Pa.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wolesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked.

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

Nearly opposite Catholic church. Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

Cures All Diseases,

After myself and wife had used your Microbe Killer with great benefit, although I have not a farthing's pecuniary interest in your remedy, unsolicited and on my own responsibility, I wrote to nearly forty of those whose certificates you publish, embracing nearly all diseases, "Please give your present impressions of Wm. Radam's Microbe Killer." I am happy to state the replies were not only favorable but enthusiastic. Many of the cures of complicated diseases almost surpass belief. Sincerely yours,

I. W. BARNUM,
223 Halsey St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Books explaining how microbes cause disease, and giving a history of the Microbe Killer, given away or mailed free to any address. Agents wanted everywhere.

The
Wm. Radam
Microbe
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54 Sixth Avenue.
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Famous Nations

The Stories of Peoples which have attained Prominence in History.

Written in most graphic and entertaining style by the

GREATEST HISTORIANS of the AGE.

Nineteen different writers having been engaged on this work.

THE BEST-SELLING SET OF BOOKS IN THE MARKET.

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In twelve octavo volumes of 800 pages each. 24 separate and complete histories. Each volume contains 100 beautiful illustrations.

SOLD BY SUBSCRIPTION.

AGENTS WANTED.

Our terms are liberal and profits CERTAIN. Inquiries solicited. Particular attention given to TEACHERS who either desire to possess the best books for themselves, or wish Profitable and Pleasant Employment.

Do not delay, but address AT ONCE

G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS.
Subscription Department.

11-2m 27 and 29 West 23d street, New York.

Farm For Rent.

A GOOD FARM, convenient to Smethport. Fifty acres improved. Good water, good fences, good fruit and good location, together with stock, farming implements, &c. Will rent for cash, for a term of five years, upon easy terms, to the right party. Possession April 1st, 1890. For further particulars enquire of M. Y. Allen, Esq., East Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE!

41, 43 and 45 MAIN STREET,

(TWO FLOORS.) BRADFORD, PA.

Oil Well Supplies,
Natural Gas Supplies,
Machinists' Supplies,
Blacksmiths' Supplies,
Household Supplies,
Railway Supplies,
Grocers' Sundries.

A HARNESS DEPARTMENT

Has been added recently, where you can get a hand made harness on short notice and at a very low price. All kinds of harness parts and halters in stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE NIAGARA NATURAL GAS BURNER.

The finest light ever produced by Natural Gas. Send for Sample.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

EMERY & WEAVER,

BRADFORD, PA.

AT

THE GREEN GROCERY

YOU WILL FIND

Lettuce, Asparagus, Onions, Etc. All kinds of Fruit in Season.

MY GENERAL STOCK EMBRACES

Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am headquarters for

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line. And don't you forget when you are looking for some fine

CONFECTIONERY

I can show you, at all times, as complete an assortment as you will find in any town of this size. Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts and Farinaceous Goods.

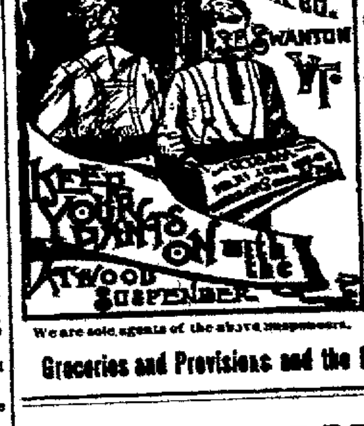
GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

Opposite Court House, Main Street, Smethport.

BROWNELL BROS.,

SMETHPORT, PA.,



We are sole agents of the above suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERYDAY TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats, soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, [illegible], &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies', Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's, Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

FURNITURE.

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends

SQUARE DEALING.

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid,

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

McKean County Miner

[illegible] - - Associate Editor.

Smethport, Pa., April 25, 1890.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Metamorphosis.

The [illegible] girl in pa[illegible] away
Its face and laugh [illegible] where away?
For now with [illegible] distance
I see [illegible] girl [illegible] the distance.
—Puck.

Bradford has the base ball fever.

The ice cream sign will soon be resurrected.

—The ball will roll at the opera house this evening.

In the [illegible] of [illegible] the rubbish pile is unsightly.

There are four applications for license in Smethport this year.

—The recent warm rain brought out a full crop of green upon the lawns.

The members of the Smethport Hose Co. talk of purchasing a new alarm bell.

—An exchange says that a young man's mustache usually causes a good deal of fuzz.

—Civil court brought quite a brilliant array of legal talent to Smethport this week.

A new cross walk has been laid on Main street at its intersection by State street.

The cold night following the warm day is a characteristic of our salubrious climate.

—The race question is being discussed in Smethport just now—the foot-race question.

—Contrary to expectations there will be quite a building boom in Smethport this season.

Services will be held at the Baptist church next Sabbath as usual conducted by the pastor.

A wreck of little importance on the W. N. Y. & P., delayed the mails on Monday night.

J. G. Haraway has placed a handsome barber pole in front of his place of business, on Main street.

[illegible] Orchestral Concert Company will give an entertainment in Smethport, June 12th.

It is said that the Smethport Extract Company will peel 4,000 cords of hemlock bark this season.

[illegible] tripping the light fantastic toe at the opera house on Monday evening.

—Steady employment, on salary, is offered in another column by [illegible] & Co., Waterloo, N. Y.

—The W. R. C. fair and dance has been quite well attended this week and will be, no doubt, a success.

[illegible] Judge Olmsted occupied the bench with Additional Law Judge Morrison at court this week.

Drunk and disorderly characters have been conspicuous by their absence from the streets of Smethport of late.

East Smethport will soon boast of a drug store. [illegible] Reynolds of that place proposes to go back to his first love—the drug business.

—Correspondents in speaking of a person, should write the name in full and not ignore the surname. It is an exceedingly silly style of writing.

Lawn tennis is hardly exciting enough for some of Smethport's young fellows and they have decided to go on a trout fishing trip.

It is strange that Smethport, with its splendid hotel accommodations, salubrious air and lovely scenery, is not sought more by summer tourists.

—The big suit of Logan, Emery & Weaver, vs the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was again continued by the court this week, with a number of other cases.

—Pennsylvania girls marry young. During the past year twenty-three girls were married in this state at the age of 13, [illegible] at 14, [illegible] at 15, [illegible] and [illegible] at 16.

—Success does not so much depend on what a person does as in doing it at the right time. [illegible] made him a [illegible] by [illegible] his sword, while Lot's wife only made herself salt.—Puck.

Chas. E. Stanford of East Smethport, is justly proud of the carpenter work on the new mill of the District Company. The work surely reflects credit upon Mr. Stanford's ability as a mechanic. It is a handsome office.

The Era of Monday says: [illegible] Emery and Smith, three out of the four candidates for Congress from this district, were present in court this afternoon. Gen. Hamilton Ward, a noted attorney of Belmont, N. Y., was also in attendance.

—Chairman Wright of the monument committee, acknowledges the receipt of the following contributions: Conrad [illegible] Brewer [illegible] $25 [illegible] Murray [illegible] Emporium $1 [illegible] Hiram Moore of Wright's Corners, $1.

The [illegible] is a great [illegible] to woman [illegible] like a frying pan and then [illegible] so that his [illegible] answer is lost on [illegible]. The writer is not married; he just recalls an experience with a lady contributor.

—Rev. S. D. Day of the Church of the Ascension, Bradford, officiated at St. Luke's church last Sunday, and Rev. J. H. McCandless occupied the pulpit of the Ascension Church. Mr. Day delivered most able sermons which are characteristic of his visitations to Smethport.

—Sheriff W. H. Clarke, at the earnest solicitation of friends, has decided to permit his handsome mustache and becoming imperial to resume their wonted growth. These hirsute adornments were a sacrifice to the ruthless steel a few weeks ago, by order of the whimsical magistrate.

—M. N. Allen, Esq., of East Smethport, is the hero of the latest fish story. Last Thursday he enticed a speckled beauty weighing 1½ pounds and measuring 18 inches in length from its home in the dam below the Potato creek bridge. His lordship must have been the patriarch of the mill pond.

—E. N. Taylor is a model landlord, and a more thoroughly equipped hotel than the Central does not exist in northern Pennsylvania. Mr. Taylor has been making many improvements of late from the garret to the cellar and to one on a tour of inspection, it is evident that he is a very watchful and careful one.

—The resolutions and plan of work adopted at the W. C. T. U. convention, at Bradford, April 10 and 11, together with the appointments of superintendents, handed us by Mrs. Richmond for publication are unavoidably crowded out this week, but will appear in our next of which we shall print extra copies.

The census enumerator will ask you how much money you owe, why you don't pay your debts, if you can read or write, if you are divorced, deformed, a criminal or an idiot, how many relatives you have in the penitentiary, and all other pertinent questions, and you are expected to [illegible] and give him a cigar and full answers instead of a body-beating.—Ex.

—Patents have been granted T. Young of Bradford, for a wrench, and Carl Schmeuser of the same city, for a money wrapper.

—A scene almost classic in form was produced on Tuesday evening by a forest fire which had originated on the hills west of Smethport. The effect was strangely impressive with the crescent moon hanging over the dark outlined mountains, and to an elastic imagination might have suggested a superstitious celebration of barbarians, or a sacrifice to Greek gods.

—Supt. MacGowan received to-day from Frank E. Page a fine specimen of petrified moss from the Indian Ocean, also petrified clam and oyster found in the coal beds at Clermont, Pa. These were presented by Mr. Page to the academy museum. The museum has also been enriched within the past few days by an addition of 145 mineral specimens from New York.—*Olean Times.*

—Some of the Democrats and their Mugwump allies are kicking because Senator Quay does not prosecute the New York *World* for libel. They should have lived long enough to remember that Senator Quay is as ready to answer any criminal charges that may be made against him as is the *World*. If he has committed crimes why does not somebody prosecute him?—*Oil City Blizzard.*

—The Philadelphia *Inquirer* of Monday says: "The famous suit of Benjamin Newberger against the old Erie Canal Company and W. L. Scott, as garnishee of the funds derived from the sale of the canal property, to enforce the payment of a judgment originally taken by Prescott Metcalf in 1871 was brought to a sudden termination by Judge Morrison directing the jury to give a verdict for the defendants."

—A. J. Parker, the industrious drayman, met with quite a severe accident on Saturday last. He was preparing to move a lot of tin in boxes from a car at East Smethport when a quantity of the metal weighing about 800 pounds fell, striking him on the leg and foot. Fortunately no bones were broken but the member was so badly bruised that Jack, under the orders of Dr. Chadwick, will have to take an enforced rest for a few days.

Drs. [illegible] John and [illegible] Brown performed an operation upon F. W. Prentiss, an inmate of the county poor house last Saturday. Mr. Prentiss is 72 years of age and is well known in McKean county. From an injury to his leg, which occurred several years ago, senile gangrene developed and amputation was found necessary. The leg was taken off between the ankle and knee and we are informed that the patient is now doing well. Mr. Prentiss was formerly of Prentiss Vale.

—The son of Lester Grimes of Eldred was accidentally shot last Sunday on Open Brook and died from the effects of the wound Tuesday morning. Young Grimes and his cousin, a lad of [illegible], were playing with a gun in the absence of their parents, when the latter boy, who probably didn't know it was loaded, discharged the gun at his cousin, the ball taking effect in the abdomen and right arm. Doctor S. D. Freeman was summoned, but nothing could save the boy's life.

Disease and death hover over the cesspool, the garbage pile, the filthy drain, the neglected sewer and the damp cellar. Places of the above description are conspicuous at this time of year and are hot-beds of fatal fever of [illegible]. Now is the time to air and renovate the cellar, clean and burn up filth and purge the drain and sewer. People should not be backward in causing complaint to the borough authorities in cases of negligence in such matters on the part of neighbors.

The death of young Kimball, a victim of cigarette smoking at the age of 16, ought to be a lesson and a warning, but it probably will have no effect whatever on the rising generation. [illegible] the knowledge of his [illegible] anything [illegible] absolutely [illegible] to smoke [illegible].—*New York Press.*

[illegible] champion of the [illegible] foot race [illegible] has been matched for a race with E. Haggerty of Warren, under the conditions which were agreed upon at Olean on Tuesday. The race will be of 100 yards, flying start, for a purse of $200, to be run at Rustic Park on Wednesday, May 7th. $100 a side has already been posted, the balance to be put up on the day of the race. Considerable interest is manifested in the race, which will no doubt be an exciting one.

A [illegible] gentleman tried to take the gas route [illegible] hotel at Eldred. [illegible] to retire, he blew out the gas and jumped into bed. A Smethport young man [illegible] his room and having [illegible] Bradford a great deal [illegible] of [illegible] for another, [illegible] savored of the infernal regions. Like the ghost of Hamlet's father who scented the morning air the young man [illegible] gas and rushing into the room he rescued the [illegible] agriculturist who was fast approaching the dark domain of death through the realms of somnus.

—We are indebted to J. M. Place, late publisher of the Harrisburg *Telegram*, for a book entitled "The Story of Johnstown." The work comprises some 300 bound pages, printed in clear handsome type on the finest quality of paper and is embellished by scores of the very finest engravings, which serve to bring to the eye and mind most vividly the thrilling scenes of the awful period of the disaster. The story is written by J. J. McLaurin, of Harrisburg, Pa., one of the ablest writers of the Pennsylvania press, and his narrative is graphic and impressive. This book is the only correct history of the great flood that has appeared.

Bradford Driving Park.

Quite a number of the business men of Bradford some months ago organized the "Bradford Driving Park and Fair Association." They purchased 27 acres of the [illegible] farm just south of the city limits in the Tuna valley, and have converted the tract into an elegant driving park with one of the best half mile tracks in the Lake Erie Trotting Circuit of which the Bradford Association is a member. Congress street, the finest of the city, is being opened to the park. The grand stand will be very commodious and provided with chairs for seating. The grand stand and [illegible] are constructed on the most modern principles. The park is provided with sixty box stalls with [illegible], spring water running into each stall. The spring meeting in Bradford opens on June 25th, of which further particulars will be found in an advertisement in another column of this paper.

[illegible]

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Wm. Bosbar of Sweden Valley, was in town Sunday.

P. N. Black, of Bradford, was serving as a juror this week.

John P. Johnson, of Bradford, is registered at the Central.

Hon. J. W. Lee was attending court Monday and Tuesday.

J. J. Newman, of Buffalo, was a guest at the Central Tuesday.

Joe DeLong, of Port Allegany, was circulating about town last Saturday.

Miss Bertha Kerns returned last Saturday from a visit to Bradford friends.

Mrs. Ada Cable of the Bradford *Era* was in Smethport a few days this week.

Court Stenographer Henry Fish was greeting his Smethport friends this week.

H. J. Whitney of Bradford was a pleasant caller at the Miner office on Wednesday.

Brother Rogers of the Duke Centre *Tiger* called at the Miner office on Wednesday.

W. J. Millik[illegible], Esq., of Kendall Creek was among the attorneys from over the hill on Monday.

L. G. Morrison, a prominent business man of [illegible] made us a pleasant call yesterday.

Miss Mary Williams of Bradford is the guest of Miss Lucy [illegible] of Main street this week.

E. A. Carter, Eldred's most prosperous furniture dealer, called at the Miner office on Monday.

A. [illegible] and [illegible] Daniels, young men of [illegible] Clermont, were visiting in Smethport Monday.

J. [illegible], a prosperous producer of Red Rock, was among the handsome men on jury this week.

Messrs. [illegible] J. L. Lillibridge and F. [illegible] Lillibridge of Port Allegany had business in town Wednesday.

Will Palmer of Jewett City, Conn., has been spending a few days in Smethport the guest of his uncle, A. T. Palmer.

The Misses Archibald of Eldred attended the W. R. C. fair this week. They were guests of Miss Rena Robinson while in town.

John Rice and Jesse Black of Port Allegany drove over to the county seat on Sunday last on business bent but [illegible] only disappointment.

Mr. Luman Elliott, formerly of Port Allegany but late of Larrabee, has moved his family to East Smethport, where he will in future reside.

Hon. B. D. Hamlin and wife returned last Saturday from a trip to the south. They were guests of their daughter Mrs. W. F. McCoy, of Augusta, Ga., during their absence of a month.

Ex-Sheriff Antony F. Bannon of Bradford was in Smethport a few days this week and took in the W. R. C. dance on Wednesday evening where he cut the "pigeon wing" in great shape.

Miss Estella West, a highly accomplished music teacher of Olean, is stopping at the residence of Mr. John Baker on Green street this week. She contemplates organizing a class in Smethport.

Clarence A. Moses has removed his family from [illegible] to Smethport and will hereafter reside in this place. [illegible] a hearty welcome in Smethport.

Col. [illegible] Thompson, of [illegible], C. H. McCauley of Ridgway and J. H. Barnes and D. W. Sellers, of Philadelphia, were in Smethport this week, as attorneys in the case of Logan, Emery & Weaver vs the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. They were counsellors for the defendants.

Court Record.

Civil Court convened Monday afternoon, President Judge A. G. Olmsted and Additional Law Judge T. A. Morrison presiding. [illegible] of the cases on the trial list [illegible] disposed of at this writing.

[illegible] versus [illegible] Whitney and H. L. McMullin. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible].

[illegible] versus [illegible] Whitney and H. L. McMullin. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible].

[illegible] versus [illegible] Whitney and H. L. McMullin. Verdict for plaintiff, the sum of [illegible].

[illegible] versus [illegible] Whitney [illegible]. Verdict for plaintiff [illegible].

[illegible] Freeman versus [illegible] Archer [illegible]. Verdict in favor of defendants.

The Township of Foster versus A. P. Sprague and A. J. Bishop. Continued.

[illegible] versus [illegible] Henderson [illegible] defendants. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible].

Mary [illegible] versus J. H. Wood. [illegible] granted.

A. H. Logan, Lewis Emery, Jr. and [illegible] Weaver versus the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Continued [illegible] at the head of the September list.

J. L. [illegible] versus C. S. [illegible] and others. Continued.

Margaret [illegible] versus R. B. & R. R. On trial.

Alexander McLennan versus F. H. O'Brien and F. H. Davis. Continued.

S. A. Burt, Cornelia Maria Burt, his wife, in right of Cornelia Maria Burt versus the N. Y. L. E. & W. R. R. Co. Case removed to the United States Circuit Court.

Mrs. Emma Hurley vs Manufacturers Gas Company, A. W. Lewis and F. D. Wood. Ruled out to arbitrate.

Mrs. Dille L. Curtis versus Manufacturers Gas Company, A. W. Lewis and F. D. Wood. Ruled out to arbitrate.

For the Monument. Acknowledgments.

The following contributions to "The Children's Monument Fund," are acknowledged with pleasure by Chairman Wright, who extends heartfelt thanks for same on behalf of the entire county.

AYERS SCHOOL.

[illegible], teacher.

Mabel Brewer	10	Jesse Hubbard	[illegible]
John Hubbard	10	Mattie Huff	10
Pearl [illegible]	10	[illegible]	10
[illegible] Irwin	10	[illegible] Irwin	10
Allie Turner	[illegible]	Walter Turner	10
Lena [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10
Charlie Irwin	[illegible]	[illegible]	10
Inez Latimer	[illegible]	Roscoe Latimer	10
[illegible]	[illegible]	Harry Barber	10
Jennie O'Connell	[illegible]	Charlie [illegible]	10
Harry Eberhart	20		
Total			[illegible]

[illegible] SCHOOL.

F. [illegible], teacher.

Emmet Broughton	10	Lottie McHale	[illegible]
[illegible] Hale	10	Jessie [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	25	Lizzie Blair	10
[illegible] Blair	10	Mabel Carr	10
Kate Fraser	10	Lizzie Thompson	10
Leotha Parker	10	Clara Walker	10
[illegible] Walker	15	Harry Saylor	10
[illegible]	10	[illegible] Coon	10
Total			[illegible]

WRIGHT'S CORNERS SCHOOL.

Miss Lizzie [illegible], teacher.

[illegible] Moore	25	Ella Moore	[illegible]
[illegible]	10	Jennie Freeman	10
Clara Moore	25	[illegible] Moore	10
Fred [illegible] Freeman	10	Theodore Moore	10
[illegible] Ford	10		
Total			[illegible]

Receipts of to-day [illegible]
Previously reported [illegible]
Grand total [illegible]

St. Luke's Church.

Services on next Sunday at 8 and 10.30 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m. The offerings will be for Diocesan Missions. Evening service with anthem.

Service and Sunday School at All Saints' Memorial Chapel at 2.30 p. m.

Interesting News From Various Localities As Related by Our Regular Correspondents.

BRADFORD.

The police are making it warm for the tramp fraternity.

A. Galland returned from a trip to the eastern cities on Saturday last.

Mose Reis, the hustling opera house manager is rusticating in Omaha, Neb.

W. H. Olin and Wm. Mason have undertaken the task of issuing a city directory.

Murray & Murphy delighted a large audience at the opera house on Saturday evening.

Street Commissioner Wright is busily engaged in putting the streets in good condition.

Rev. J. H. McCandless of Smethport preached in the Church of the Ascension on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bl[illegible]er contemplate leaving Bradford for their western home next month.

Miss Bessie Cohen of Scranton is a guest of her sister Mrs. A. Gal[illegible] and of [illegible] Congress street.

Main street has not looked natural during the past week. It has received a thorough cleaning.

The new police force raided the house kept by Ed Kightlinger on Newell Avenue, on Friday night.

On and after May 1st the carpenters and joiners of this city will work nine hours for a day's labor.

There will be many new cottages erected during the coming season on the Congress street extension.

Work is in progress on the new residence to be erected by Messrs. Silberberg and Herzstein on Congress street.

Sheehy & Emmerey, the icemen, are now settled in a fine office on the first floor of the Newell block, on Congress street.

D. A. Kopp is the new Chief Engineer of the Bradford Fire Department. A better selection for the position could not have been made.

City Clerk Jas. A. Lindsey still holds the fort against great odds. It is said that Jimmy proposes to stick to his post on a legal technicality.

There will be more bicycles used in Bradford this season than ever before. Woodbury, the Mechanic street dealer says business is booming with him.

Roland Reed, an actor of more than ordinary merit will hold the boards at the opera house on Saturday evening in the play entitled "The Woman Hater."

F. J. Brooks and J. C. French have formed a partnership for the purpose of dealing in lumber of all kinds. There is no doubt that Messrs. Brooks and French will meet with success in their new undertaking.

The city press is sounding notes of warning against fast driving on our streets. The law strictly prohibits this sort of thing and it is the duty of our city police to see that the laws are respected. Will they do it?

Burglars effected an entrance into the Black Bear Hotel on Pine street at an early hour on Sunday morning. They carried off with them nearly $200 in cash besides gold watches and jewelry amounting in value to about $400.

The handsome sum of $113 was realized from the supper and entertainment at Orpheus Hall on Wednesday evening of last week. The money was turned over to Rev. S. D. Day and will be added to the Episcopal church building fund.

Miss Ella M. Bover, superintendent of the city schools, in a note to the Board of School Control says she will not be a candidate for reelection to the position she now occupies. The many friends of the lady will regret this decision on her part.

Bert Draper, an eight year old lad whose mother lives on Kennedy street had his left leg so badly crushed Sunday afternoon while endeavoring to catch on a moving train at the Kim street crossing that the limb had to be amputated just below the knee.

The stench that greets the nostrils of the pedestrian on High street between Main and the head of Kim streets suggests that the sewerage system in that part of the city is very bad. The city fathers would do well to appoint a smelling committee for that particular locality.

The inventive genius of our citizens is great as the reports from the Patent Office attest. During the past few days the following well known gentlemen have been granted letters patent: Hon. E. A. Dempsey, torpedo and torpedo device; Thomas Young, wrench; Carl Schmeuser, money wrapper; F. W. Lucas, gauge cock, also valve.

The police force as to numbers stands the same as under the old administration. The new force is as follows: Chief of police, [illegible]; patrolmen, [illegible] J. W. Baker and George Berry, four able-bodied looking lot of men as all must admit and their friends predict for them a successful career, a prediction which is sincerely hoped may be fully realized.

Newspaper reflectors as a rule are a [illegible] class of people but occasionally this rule is transgressed [illegible] to which this city bears testimony. [illegible] to be deplored on any occasion [illegible] couple of bright young newspaper men settle their disputes with the aid of their fists [illegible] with sorrow and amazement.

If the scenes enacted in the council chamber on Monday evening of last week are to be of common occurrence during the ensuing three years, I know of no better way of raising the revenue for carrying on our city government than for the council to secure a larger hall and charge an admission fee to their weekly gatherings. There is no doubt that their intellectual (?) entertainments would be largely attended.

Morris Herron has been circulating a subscription paper during the past week for the benefit of ex-Chief of Police McCray. John P. Zane and I. N. Barnsdall head the list with a contribution of $50 each. Your correspondent suggested some weeks ago that under existing circumstances Mr. McCray was deserving of a handsome testimonial and I am pleased to note that his fellow citizens irrespective of party are responding so generously to the fund to enable him to seek further surgical aid with the hope of restoring his injured arm to its old time usefulness.

Charles G. Milligan, the junior member of the firm of Sterns & Milligan, died on Monday evening of last week after an illness of but a few hours duration of pneumonia. Mr. Milligan was a genial whole-souled gentleman who counted his friends by the legion. The funeral took place at the M. E. church on Thursday afternoon, Rev. D. W. C. Huntington conducting the services. The remains were taken to Ellicottville where they were interred. A large delegation of members of the Knights of St. John and Malta, of which the deceased was an honored member, together with many sympathizing friends accompanied the remains to their final resting place.

KANE.

We can guess the site for the new post-office building.

The sound of the drill is not heard in the Kane field.

Mrs. T. A. Morrison was at the Thomson house last week.

I. Davis & Son last week shipped a fine car load of furniture to Mt. Jewett.

C. N. Gillis is busy making garden, not even taking time to go trout fishing. Isn't it a wonder.

Our esteemed townsman, A. G. Larson, was doing duty as a juryman at the county seat this week.

J. Minehart of Lexington, Ky., has been visiting his brother Eugene, who he has not seen for over 29 years.

O. W. Huff has removed his restaurant to the lot opposite the Hotel LaMont, and now has the finest location in Kane.

Extensive additions are being made to the pump station at East Kane under the supervision of Supt. Zeigler of Oil City.

What is Elisha Kane doing? Is he fighting licenses or not this year? is a familiar word that is heard daily on our streets.

Sizer, the merchant tailor, has leased a lot from R. E. Looker north of the Bucktail Hotel and will erect a fine building thereon.

Miss Mame Landingren is visiting her [illegible] week, and is missed at all the social gatherings of our young folks.

Webb Evans and his accomplished bride returned home on Saturday evening. Webster says he will try and not look so much like old people too soon.

Dan Kelly and Fred Swanson have returned from Ohio with a fine lot of draught horses which they are offering at extremely low prices at the St. Elmo hotel barn.

George Welker has broken ground for a brick block 40x80 on the west side of Fraley street, adjoining W. B. Smith's brick block. It is to be used for store rooms and an opera house.

Harry A. Thomas, our new street commissioner and his assistants are busy beautifying the streets of Kane borough. He is astonishing everyone, not even excepting his enemies, by his knowledge of what is required in street work.

Some home burglars robbed the tailor shop of Holme & Son in the Lafferty block recently. As the entrance was gained through the residence part of the building and a lot of valuable silverware in plain sight was left undisturbed, our shrewd officers are satisfied that the robbery was committed by home talent. About six new and four old suits, several pairs of pants and other clothing was taken by the thieves.

Our streets for the past few days have been lined with Italians. They seem to be an orderly people and have gone into camp at the north end of the borough limits. Wonder if someone is not violating the contract labor law? Our Knights of Labor should see to this if the Kane lodge is not defunct. We must progress. Liberty and labor have been given us all and we should protect both at all hazards because the Dagos on our streets to-day know that the laborer has more to eat and more to wear in the United States than in any other land on the earth.

Republicans of Kane borough, harmony, harmony. Do not mortgage the possibilities of your future, but like David Howell, one of our next Commissioners, bury the hatchet. Pull off your coats and all work together. Let us have less than three sets of delegates to our convention so that the garments all dyed in blood will have passed away and the clamor of words not heard on our streets at His private conferences. Do not disregard this humble advice or you may relegate to the rear and defeat one of our candidates for delegate to the State convention who is more than worthy of less harsh treatment by his Republican friends in Kane borough. We need not name him as he is associated with us every day.

KENDALL CREEK.

Ora Hart left Tuesday for Pittsburgh.

Wm. Bingham is out of town on business.

C. B. Mackinney is in Pittsburgh on business.

Jack Brown departed on Tuesday for Union City.

Supt. W. P. Eckels of Smethport, was in town last week.

J. E. Ellsworth of Washington, Pa., who has been visiting friends in town returned home Monday.

The hose house which has been undergoing repairs and renovations, is finished and is now a credit to the town.

Miss Maude Denman, who has been visiting in Eldred, returned to her home Saturday accompanied by Miss Anna Brown.

The residence of P. R. Greer on Sawyer street, which has been building, is nearly completed and is a very neat and attractive dwelling.

Miss Emma Black, who has been visiting friends in this place and vicinity for several weeks, returned to her home in Nealtown, Saturday.

The W. C. T. U. gave an observation social at the residence of Mrs. Bowers, on Main street Friday evening. The prize, which was an oil painting, was won by Miss Ella Ferguson, who named eighty articles after walking around the table once. An elegant lunch was served and the evening was a splendid success both socially and financially.

A calico ball was given by the Protected Home Circle, of this place, at the opera house, Tuesday night. A gayly dressed throng of giddy dancers kept time to the soul-inspiring music of Van Dusena orchestra, until the wee sma' hours. An elegant supper and ice cream and cake were served in the hall. Every one who participated enjoyed a pleasant evening.

The funeral of Mrs. Bevier, who died Wednesday night after a severe illness caused by a cancer, was held Friday afternoon, in the Presbyterian church, Rev. Eccles of Bradford officiating. The church was crowded with friends of the deceased lady who was held in high esteem by everybody. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. The remains were interred in Oak Hill cemetery. The mourning husband and daughter have the sympathy of the entire community.

ELDRED.

F. O. Merriman was in town Monday.

Miss Sadie Douglass is the happy possessor of a fine Kimball piano.

Miss Carrie King of Ceres, made a short visit to Eldred friends last week.

Several new residences are in course of erection and more buildings will be put up soon.

Mrs. D. T. Horton and child of Olean are visiting Mrs. Horton's parents at the Central house.

H. H. Maxson was calling on old friends in town Tuesday. He is now located in Albany.

The Alford well on the Coats place is down with 15 feet of sand and promises to be a fair producer, although it has not yet been shot.

Thomas Lawless of Ridgway, has purchased the St. Elmo hotel and has already taken possession. He comes well recommended as a landlord.

Work on the race course is progressing rapidly and it will be but a short time before it is completed. The officers have donated the use of the ground to the ball club for the season.

The Alumni Association held their second meeting in Miss Canfield's room at the school building Friday afternoon. Arrangements were made for a banquet to be held at the Central hotel May 23.

The death of Mrs. C. P. Lilly occurred Monday evening and her remains were taken to Syracuse, her former home, for interment. Mrs. Lilly was a patient sufferer for the past year but hopes were entertained for her recovery up to the past few days.

The eleven-year-old son of Mr. Grimes of Turtle Point, who had been attending school at this place, going home on Friday nights, was shot and killed last Saturday by the accidental discharge of a loaded gun that had previously been brought into the house by someone who had been out hunting.

KASSON.

The roads are splendid.

Benson Wardle has the typhoid fever.

F. Kluney visited the county seat on Monday.

Mrs. Stephen Pattison is visiting in Smethport.

P. D. Hopkins of Smethport, was here last Friday.

Eben Pattison of Davis City, was here over Sunday.

Mrs. Lazotte has returned to her home in Glenn Hazel.

Mrs. O. Perry is visiting her daughter at Glenn Hazel.

Miss Lucy Stark of Coleville, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Black and daughter have returned from Blossburg.

Miss Elvira Kinney spent Sunday with friends in Smethport.

Miss Maggie Black is sojourning with friends in East Smethport.

Mrs. H. W. Burlingame and son visited friends in Colegrove last week.

T. H. Fraley and daughter of Mt. Alton visited friends here last week.

H. Robinson and L. Comes were making a good many calls on Wednesday.

Mrs. Philip Hafner spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Bell's Camp.

Work is quite brisk up Swede hollow, getting ready for the summer's campaign of bark peeling. Several new houses are being built.

[illegible] visit with friends at Coudersport.

Miss Tillie Peterson will return to Smethport this week where she will spend the summer with her parents.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Andy Perry, on Sunday last, a ten pound boy. We extend to Mr. and Mrs. Perry our congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Anderson combined business with pleasure at the county seat Tuesday.

Telegraph Operator Adams and the night yard master at this place, were calling on their friends in Smethport Tuesday.

Mr. P. Chalmers came home from Cameron on a late train Saturday, for a short visit with his folks.

We had a pleasant chat with Mr. B. L. Knapp, of Smethport, the other day. Mr. K. has numerous friends in this place who are pleased to have him call.

We hope the Court will grant one license in this place this year and that will stop all this illegal selling as well as the jug trade.

Our supervisors are just now putting our roads in good condition.

The Clermont correspondent of the *Democrat* asks what I think of his letter. It was very good, and pretty fair evidence that you are an old hand at the business. But don't give any one too much taffy.

I am requested by several to ask who gave C. H. Moore & Co. the right to put their railroad along the side of the public road. I will say that neither the old or the new supervisors have given their permission.

Just think of it, only $90 for a first-class ticket from New York to Berlin and return. See advertisements.

During last week the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. received from the Pennsylvania railroad at this place 1,505 loaded cars, and delivered in the same number of days 1,480. This does not include lumber, local coal and other freight. We also have eight passenger trains daily. All engines and crews turn here. This is pretty good evidence that the town is not dead yet.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN.

Items of Interest Gathered from Various Sources by the Man With the Shears.

—The dogwood may bark, but it never bites.

—Go to M. Rosenfield's for clothes.

—Farm to rent. Apply to A. Reilly.

—A disreputable physician, the ward heeler.

—Carpets in exchange for wool at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—For wall paper, go to Reilly's Furniture and Carpet store.

—The voice of the umpire is again heard in the land.

—A fine line of crackers, cookies, pretzels &c., just received at Howard Wilson's.

—Blooded sheep for sale. Enquire of A. Reilly, Smethport, Pa.

—King, of the Philadelphia Blind Asylum, is now dethroned.

—An elegant stock of fruit and confectionery at Wilson's—five brands of chocolate creams, french mixed, &c.

—A big line of clothing for men and boys at M. Rosenfield's Main street.

—A car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's dry goods Store.

—Posthumous works should be published in some dead language.

—Apples and potatoes at lowest market rates, kept constantly on hand at J. H. Stull's, East Smethport, Pa.

—Howard Wilson still has fresh oysters, received direct from Baltimore and just as nice as during the cold weather.

—Notwithstanding the formation of the rubber trust, we still read that "gum drops."

—G. J. Smith has purchased a dray in connection with his ice business and persons requiring haulage would do well to give him a call.

—A car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's dry goods Store.

—Send a postal to A. J. Davis, Clarion, Pa., for a catalogue of the State Normal School.

—The handsomest wall paper ever brought to Smethport can be seen at Specht & Sasse's Furniture rooms.

—If you want pictures framed in the latest styles call at Specht and Sasse's Furniture rooms, Main Street, Smethport.

—Notwithstanding the placing of hides on the free list, there is still a duty on them—the duty of tanning them.

—When the baby is suffering with colic or diarrhoea, use at once Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup and observe its remarkably quick and beneficial effect.

—If your blood is vitiated and the impurities break through the skin in pimples and eruptions you need a good medicine such as Laxador.

—Families, jobbers and everybody can be supplied with fresh and salt meats promptly upon application at Stull's, East Smethport, Pa.

—To unfortunate chronic coughers we recommend the timely use of Dr. Bull's cough syrup. 25 cents.

—Wanted, a girl to do general house work. For information apply at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Backus, Main St.

—I was persuaded by a friend to try Salvation Oil for neuralgia and headache. I found it a great relief after a few applications. I cheerfully recommend it to all who likewise suffer.

G. A. McGEE.

—A number of our young people are now at Clarion attending the State Normal School, and others planning to enter next term. The boys and girls can do no better thing than to acquire an education and the school at Clarion is one of the best in the state.

—Before buying your wall paper examine the stock in the Furniture and Carpet store. It is the most artistic paper ever offered for sale in this town. We have no old, out of date wall paper to pawn off on the people. Our prices we guarantee as low as any city.

A. REILLY, Manager.

What is Castoria?

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine, nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving health and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

The Value of Pure Wine in Sickness.

The chief difficulty with reliable wines has been their scarcity and richness in body, but this has been removed by the introduction of a pure native wine, produced by Mr. A. Speer of New Jersey. He has submitted his wine to the test of many celebrated physicians and chemists and all concur in its purity, rich medical properties and superiority to all port wines. Most of them prescribe it in cases of debility, affections of the kidneys and chronic complaints requiring a tonic, sudorific or diuretic treatment.—*Examiner.*

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FOR SALE.—A small House and lot on Willow street. For particulars enquire at Louis Thumm's cigar store, 40 Main street.

SMETHPORT BAND AND PROF. MILLS' Orchestra. Music furnished for all public and private entertainments in a satisfactory manner. Terms reasonable. Apply to J. W. Baker, Manager, Smethport, Pa. 8tf.

For Sale.

DWELLING HOUSE ON KING STREET, also 23x32, ft. two stories high, with summer kitchen in rear. Lot 4x10 rods, with about 40 young fruit trees. At a great bargain. Inquire at MINER office, Smethport, Pa. 1tf.

GO TO

D. C. YOUNG'S

FOR

BARGAINS

In any Class of Goods Desired.

I buy strictly for cash and sell for money or its equivalent, and consequently have no bad debts for my cash customers to make up. I have the inside track on the

Shoe Trade

and propose holding it by keeping a complete and guaranteed stock at bottom prices. My stock of

GROCERIES

is always of the best, and right here I will state that I make a specialty of

Teas and Coffees.

Our Murray hill coffee is simply elegant and can be made fit for a king by any good housewife without a recipe. Try Chase & Sanborn's Java and Moca, also our No. 34. This is a new brand and a good one for the money. Just drop in, look around and if you don't see what you want ask for it. I have it down stairs.

D. C. YOUNG.

[illegible]

NEW GOOD

Last week I spent in the Great Metropolis, New York City, [illegible] chased a line of goods of the most attractive and fashionable [illegible] found in the market. My purchases were carefully made, and I [illegible] ular pains in selecting goods similar to those worn on the fashionable [illegible] enades of New York.

We would call especial attention to our display of

MILLINERY,

Hats, Toques, Bonnets, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Etc.

Call and see our new dress goods, consisting of Henriettas, [illegible] dines, Cashmeres, New style French Ginghams "Toile du Nord," [illegible] Bleached and Unbleached Muslins. Fine Muslin Gowns, trimmed [illegible] Hamburg, Fine Muslin Skirts and all kinds of Muslin Garments for [illegible] wear. Corset and Corset Covers. Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Etc. Goods very elegant and all exceedingly cheap. Hamburg Laces, [illegible] endless profusion.

Kid Gloves, Silk, Taffeta and Jersey Gloves and Mitts for all ages.

The latest in Back Combs and Fancy Hair pins.

-:- Stylish Spring Coats, Jackets and Jerseys.

The Hosiery Line is complete, low in price and consists of fancy [illegible] (which are much worn this spring), for ladies, misses, and children. [illegible] Hose for boys.

We have also just received a very fine line of the latest pattern [illegible] Slippers for women, misses and children. We have, too, some [illegible] finest high cut shoes for boys ever brought to this market. We [illegible] all kinds of goods at remarkably low prices and invite the closest [illegible] of our stock, knowing that we cannot be undersold.

MRS. T. D. NASH,

Smethport, April 18th 1890.—tf

VISIONS OF SPRING.

After four months of gloomy, dreary, unseasonable weather, who does not appreciate bright, beautiful sunshine? With it come visions of spring flowers, and fields and forests, and all nature attired as she alone can perfectly do. With it comes the robin red breast, as the advance guard of regiments of feathered songsters. With it comes into the heart new hopes, new desires, new ambitions, new determinations to so scatter the seed as to bring an abundant harvest. With it comes thoughts of our own needs. Heavy garments must soon be discarded. We have visions of bright, fresh pretty calico dresses and aprons for the children, or some of the new combinations of checks in ginghams, classics and criterion cloths, of which the variety seems inexhaustible, or the more plain, but no less durable seersuckers. For Sunday or occasional wear, challies are desirable, light, cheap, with such beautiful sprigs and flowers, so natural one almost thinks they "growed." The older ones too must have something new, for how can one fully enjoy the bright new robes put on by every tree and shrub, unless they have coverings suitable to the season? The popular sateens make some of the prettiest, inexpensive dresses imaginable. Yes, one must have a sateen, or some, perhaps, would prefer the Bombay deplaines, lighter in color, thinner in texture in which to take tea. Some of us need a nice Henrietta, in black or colors. If we buy these we want something good, it don't pay to make up cheap Henriettas. Another says I can buy an all wool serge in almost any of the new spring shades, good width, for 50 cents a yard, that will do me a good deal of service, being a little heavier and not so fine as Henrietta. Another expects to travel some. She must have something that is stylish in appearance, does not catch dust, will not shrink or crinkle and can be cleaned if accidentally soiled. The Jamestown alpacas which are shown in great variety, or the brilliantines to bring out again, will suit her. Still another thinks she wants material for a "hack" dress, plain color, medium weight, that she ought to buy for 25 cents, in 36 inch wide. It is probable she will also want to be suited. To go with dresses must be numberless items of white goods, gloves, hosiery, ribbons, shoes, corsets, &c., to complete a child's, misses' or ladies' toilet, and she wonders if she can anywhere find a better assortment or lower prices, quality considered, than at

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S
EAST SMETHPORT.

FURNITURE and CARPETS

AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

FOR THE

SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1890,

and in sympathy with the dull times and scarcity of money. We make a further reduction in prices of all our goods, and will make it an object of profit to persons intending to buy such goods to call and examine our stock before purchasing. We have a full line of all kinds of Furniture, Carpets of the latest patterns, direct from the looms. A full line of

WINDOW SHADES, OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN POLES, ETC., ETC.

BEDDING—Hair, Wool and Fibre Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Quilts, Etc., and the

FINEST STYLES OF WALL PAPER.

SMETHPORT FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

8-tf A. REILLY, Manager.

TRY -:- LARRY'S -:- DANDRUFF -:- CURE.

Sportsman's Supplies.
LARRY'S
TONSORIAL SHAVING PARLOR,
GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL.
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

-:- Orders Promptly Responded to at Private Residences. -:-

march 21 [illegible]

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

ALSO

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, SMETHPORT, PA.

FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Krenger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS

for Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brake if desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Foot and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 6th, 1889.

I CURE FITS!

When I say Cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I mean A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to Cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 Pearl St., New York

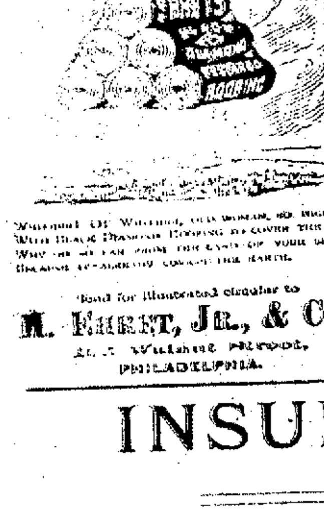
V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION :- GUARANTEED.

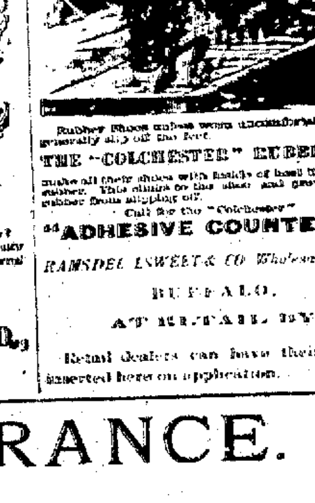


Wanamaker Of Wanted, [illegible] With Black Diamond Roofing [illegible]

Send for illustrated circular to

M. EHRET, JR., & Co,

[illegible] Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.



No more of this!

Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight, generally slip off the feet.

THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the rubber from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."

RAMSDELL, SWEET & CO Wholesale Agt's,

BUFFALO.

AT RETAIL BY

Retail dealers can have their names inserted here on application.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

HASKILL & BURDICK.

We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire,	2,890,867
Franklin	3,181,248
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch)	393,445
Sun, Fire, London	1,338,610
Hanover, New York	2,479,654

Do not obtain Insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

The Best WASHER

We will guarantee the "LOVELL" WASHER to do better work and do it easier and in less time than any other machine in the world. Warranted five years, and if it don't wash the clothes clean without rubbing, we will refund the money.

AGENTS WANTED in every county. We can show proof that agents are making from $75 to $150 per month. Farmers make $200 to $500 during the winter. Ladies have great success selling this Washer. Retail price, only $5. Sample to those desiring an agency $2. Also the Celebrated KEYSTONE WRINGERS at manufacturers' lowest price. We invite the strictest investigation. Send your address on a postal card for further particulars.

LOVELL WASHER CO., Erie, Pa.

FREE RAW MATERIALS.

THE EFFECT UPON OUR MINING INDUSTRIES AND MINERS.

Importance of Coal and Iron—Bituminous Coal and Iron Ore Bear a Duty of 75 Cents Per Ton—Anthracite Coal Free. Production and Value.

The United States is rich in mineral resources. Coal and iron are the two products of our mines which are of the greatest importance. Beside these, copper, lead, zinc, limestone and the various structural materials require in the aggregate for their production large investments of capital and much labor. Coal and iron are of this importance from their general use, their wide extent, the large amount of capital and labor engaged in their production, and their relation to the manufacturing industries, since they are essential to the carrying on of numerous manufacturing operations.

In great part the labor which finds employment in the various mining industries, like that engaged in the production of other raw materials, is unskilled and rude. It is estimated upon careful authority that 30 per cent. of all engaged in manual occupations are employed in labor which requires a minimum, or only moderate, degree of skill. It is this labor, more than any other, that needs the protecting care of government. The disparity of wages between the skilled labor of the United States and the skilled labor of England is much less noticeable than the difference between the wages of common labor in the same countries.

Bituminous coal and iron ore each bear a duty of 75 cents per ton. Anthracite coal is admitted free of all duty, the annual importation amounting to but a few thousand dollars in value. This anthracite coal, too, which feels no influence of a protective duty, is the one with which a great trust is concerned. Bituminous coal, protected by a duty of 75 cents per ton, is comparatively free from attempts artificially to limit the supply and arbitrarily to fix prices. We have scarcely more than made a beginning of developing our almost limitless deposits of iron and coal. The wide extent of these two minerals, often in close proximity, together with limestone, renders their development peculiarly advantageous. Our total production of iron ore in 1888, in round numbers, amounted to 10,000,000 long tons of 2,240 pounds each.

In the same year our imports of iron ore were 1,000,000 long tons. Though the amount imported is small, if we consider the value of this raw ore when brought to the American markets, we see that a great amount of wealth goes to foreign countries in the purchase of a commodity the sources of which are nearly inexhaustible with us but not yet fully developed. This money, too, represents in a large measure wages which would go to American laborers if the iron were taken from our own mines; for a large portion of the value of iron ore ready to be shipped, or to be smelted, is the cost of the labor expended upon it.

The total production of bituminous coal for the same year, exclusive of colliery consumption, was 70,285,734 tons of 2,000 pounds each. The value of this product at the mines was $73,534,620. Our imports of coal for the same period were less than a million tons. This is relatively small, and indicates a healthy condition of our coal mining industry. If we stop to consider the low value of coal per ton at the surface of the mines, and the large ratio to this value which the customs duty of 75 cents per ton bears, we may imagine what would be the importation if this tariff were removed, and the same remark might properly have been made of the production of iron ore.

If the duty were removed, for a time we would have both coal and iron cheaper than now; that is, for a time long enough to divert the labor and capital, or a part of it, from the mining of coal and iron, and then prices would rise again with the increased demand made upon foreign producers. With the present duty the competition of foreign coal producers is not such as seriously to affect our coal interests, with the exception of some local districts. Under the existing tariff the opening of mines is growing steadily, and in some localities rapidly, and will increase still more with enlarged facilities for cheap transportation. Great Britain ships coal both to the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. Nova Scotia exports to the Atlantic coast. Australia and British Columbia can pay the duty of 75 cents per ton, and still give disastrous competition to the coal producers of California and the state of Washington. This competition efficiently retards the development of the coal mines along the Pacific coast, and these are the local districts seriously affected by competition in coal production.

There is hardly a state of the south that has not an abundance of iron ore and likewise of coal and limestone. These resources are comparatively undeveloped, although there is now manifested a greater tendency to make use of them. It seems that scarcely any present sacrifice can be too great if, by means of it, the opening of these mines can be secured. When once ore is produced in sufficient quantities, and smelted in the same region to avoid the $3 or $4 cost per ton for transportation to northern markets, there will be a large demand for southern coal. With the development of these two mining industries, with the furnaces and factories, there will come a strong demand for labor, and these laborers will make a market for southern agricultural products.

The resultant diversification of industry, which is one great end of a protective tariff, will show itself in the general prosperity of southern industries. Labor of whatever kind and value will find ready employment and capital an ample field of investment. All the labor supply of the south will be utilized. Those who are best fitted for agricultural pursuits will find employment there. Others will find work in factories and mines. When all are productively employed, the total wages will be large. These wages will be expended in the purchase of the products of the different industries, and as a result a stimulus of the various industries will follow.

It might seem that if our mineral resources are so extensive we should be able to compete successfully with other mineral producing countries without aid of a tariff. Why we cannot do so will be evident from a consideration of the following: More than half the cost of production of coal, coke and iron is in the wages paid labor. The average wages of those engaged in the production of coal, coke and iron ore in Great Britain are $1.02 per working day of nine hours. In the United States they are $1.61 for an equal number of hours. This is an advantage of more than 60 per cent. in the labor cost alone in favor of Great Britain. With open competition our mining industries could not thrive unless conditions were equalized by reducing our wages to the European level. Such reduction would not give to our mining industries greater prosperity than they now enjoy, and the effect upon wage earners is too apparent to need mention.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

HE FACED HIS DOOM BRAVELY.

Samuel J. Randall's Calm Reception of the Medical Death Warrant.

The ninth member of the present congress to die was Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania, who expired at Washington recently. The "Father of the house," as he was called, because of his long and honorable service, was told some time ago that his days were numbered, and he proceeded to set his house in order with calm deliberation and admirable

HON. SAMUEL J. RANDALL.

serenity. Just before the close of the presidential contest of 1888 Mr. Randall predicted his end. Said he in conversation with an acquaintance: "This is the last general election that I shall live to see. I did expect until recently that we should carry the next house, and that I should stay here long enough to see the party in good trim for the next presidential campaign, but I have ceased to expect that. I cannot shake off this disease, and the doctors cannot cure it. Probably as much as I can hope for is to outlast this administration." Then the doomed man dropped the subject, and a few minutes later was the smiling, cheerful center of a group of friends.

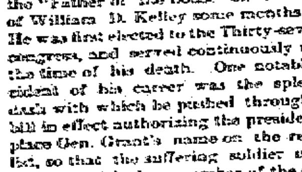
Mr. Randall's illness dated back for at least five years, but the physicians did not ascertain for some time that the cause of his ailment was an extensive and malignant abscess. Once this fact was established they gave him no hope

MR. RANDALL'S RESIDENCE.

of cure, and he bravely faced the inevitable. Mr. Randall succeeded to the title the "Father of the house" on the death of William D. Kelley some months ago. He was first elected to the Thirty-seventh congress, and served continuously up to the time of his death. One notable incident of his career was the splendid dash with which he pushed through the bill in effect authorizing the president to place Gen. Grant's name on the retired list, so that the suffering soldier might die as he wished—a member of the army of the United States.

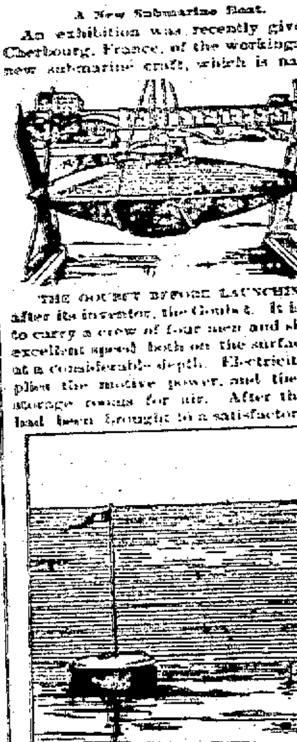
A New Submarine Boat.

An exhibition was recently given at Cherbourg, France, of the workings of a new submarine craft, which is named,



THE GOUBET BEFORE LAUNCHING.

after its inventor, the Goubet. It is built to carry a crew of four men and showed excellent speed both on the surface and at a considerable depth. Electricity supplies the motive power, and there are storage rooms for air. After the tests had been brought to a satisfactory con-



THE GOUBET PARTIALLY SUBMERGED.

clusion one enthusiastic Frenchman declared that the Goubet realized and made actual Jules Verne's fanciful tales, "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea" and "Doctor Ox."

Very elegant little capes are made by having yokes of black silk or colored silk covered with rich passementerie in jet, and with two full ruffles of black Chantilly lace. Sometimes these have a fringe of colored ostrich tips beneath the lace, which gives an exquisite effect, but it can be imagined that these are expensive.

The women of Cheyenne will present their state with a beautiful new flag when Wyoming is admitted into the Union, woman suffrage and all. Susan Anthony sat in the gallery of the United States house of representatives while the vote to admit Wyoming was in progress. As soon as the favorable result was announced large numbers of the members of the house sent their cards with congratulations to her.

A recently published letter of Robert Browning, the poet, who died some months ago, contains a valuable hint as to his own opinion of what he had written. He regarded as the four poems that "represent him fairly" "Saul," "A Forgiveness," "Caliban on Setebos" and "Clive." These, in the order given, he classified as lyrical, narrative, dramatic and idyllic.

M. de Freycinet, the present head of the French cabinet, has held office frequently, but never long. His previous premierships, three in number, averaged nine months in duration. As his present cabinet is composed of strong men who are said to pull in different directions, it is not thought that his fourth term will be longer than its predecessors.

The Standard.

"I regard Hood's Sarsaparilla as having passed above the grade of what are commonly called patent or proprietary medicines," said a well known physician recently. "It is fully entitled to be considered a standard medicine, and has won this position by its undoubted merit and by the many remarkable cures it has effected. For an alterative and tonic it has never been equaled."

FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN.

INFORMATION SURE TO INTEREST THRIFTY AGRICULTURISTS.

Experiments in Potato Culture at the New York Station—Whole Tubers vs. Cuttings for Seed—Tests Made at the Maryland Station.

In an experiment conducted at the New York station whole tubers, half tubers, three eye cuttings, two eye cuttings and one eye cuttings were used for seed. While there was no regularity in the vegetation or blossoming, on the whole the cut seed was later than the whole seed, and the finer it was cut the more was this difference. Early in the season the tops, where whole and half seed had been planted, made a good, strong, bushy growth, but there was almost a regular gradation from the rows where whole and half seed was planted down to the row in which the seed was one eye per hill, and in the latter the tops were few and comparatively weak. This difference continued throughout the season, though considerably less marked toward the end of the time during which the tops remained green.

The yields from these plots all tell the same story, from the vegetation of the plants up to the harvest results, and point decidedly to one conclusion. The light seeding proved unprofitable; the heavy seeding alone gained a successful crop. In the above experiment, with seed and crop at the low price of 25 cents per bushel, the greatest profit was with the most seed, where the seed tubers weighed an average of five ounces each.

In an experiment with many varieties at the Maryland station in 1888, the greatest rate of profit was from the greatest weight of seed, when ten ounce tubers were planted at the rate of sixty bushels per acre. In three years' trials at the same place, by far the greatest profit was shown from whole medium sized tubers. While the general results in the experiments considered appear to emphasize that the more seed potato planted the more and better the crop, some of the largest yields on record have come from plots planted with three and two eye cuttings. Just how much to plant for the greatest profit depends so much on conditions of the market at both ends of the season, the fertility of the soil and other considerations that it is obvious no definite amount can be set as the best.

Pruning the Rose.

At a meeting of the Connecticut board of agriculture Mr. Pierson, in a paper on outdoor rose culture, gave expression to the following remarks on pruning: The rose requires very little pruning the first season. When a branch has done its work and ceased growing remove it. You will find such wood on most of the strong growing varieties, and a judicious removal is beneficial. Soon after planting provide the bush with firmly set stakes, and tie as often as is necessary. Staking gives proper support and assists growth as well as giving a trim, uniform appearance. A bed of tea roses thus treated by the first of August ought to be a thing of beauty, and will continue so until hard frosts set in. After the weather has become cold enough and the wood is properly hardened by the early frosts, generally about the 15th of November, cut back the soft wood, tie up each plant closely by itself, and cover the bed with from four to six inches of strawy horse manure. A week or so later cover with leaves the same depth, and about Dec. 1 cover the whole with evergreen boughs.

Care of Young Lambs.

Great care must be taken not to let the lambs out from under cover on raw, damp days, or when rain is falling; they are very apt to get chilled and then die quite unexpectedly. If the sheep must get out for early exercise and a mouthful of grass, it is better to keep the lambs at home in the sheds until the weather gets quite comfortable and the soil warm, as they are easily chilled, even by lying on the cold, damp ground in the fields. Chilled lambs may be restored, if taken up in time, by being immediately placed in a bath of water, made as hot as the hand will bear. As soon as it revives and gets lively it should be rubbed thoroughly dry. If it will then suck the dam the risk is over, but should it appear weak a small dose of spirits—say a teaspoonful of whisky mixed with some warm milk—should be given by pouring down its throat. Then wrap the lamb in an old blanket, and keep it in a room comfortably warm till it recovers. Lambs can be restored by these means when so far gone that they appear almost or quite dead, says Rural Home.

Practical Experience with Tomatoes.

Practical experience at the New Jersey station in regard to the growth of the tomato crop has led to the belief that while both barnyard manure and commercial fertilizers increase the yield, it is at the expense of maturity, especially in the case of fertilizers, and that the best effect of barnyard manure is shown when it has been applied in the fall previous to the year of growth. It has been noted by practical farmers that on farms where tomatoes have been grown for years as a field crop, the succeeding crop—wheat, for instance—does not do as well as after a crop of potatoes.

Black Rot and Mildew.

It has been definitely determined by repeated experiments that black rot and mildew of grapes can be kept in check by the Bordeaux mixture. This must be applied with a spraying pump as soon as the buds swell. A good formula for Bordeaux mixture is as follows: Slake four pounds of quicklime in a little water, and when nearly cool stir it into twenty-two gallons of water, in which six pounds of copper sulphate has been dissolved.

The American Beauty rose continues to find favor, and it is now claimed that it will grow as well in a highly fertilized, light, sandy soil as in the very stiff soil first considered to be necessary for it.

Nature of Convulsion

is terrific. Volcanic eruptions, cyclones, earthquakes are awfully the tremendously picturesque, but scarcely desirable to emulate in action and effect by the administration of remedies which produce convulsion and agony in the abnormal portion of the human frame. Such is the effect of the old fashioned violent purgatives happily falling more and more into disuse, and of which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the wholesome, pleasant and far more effective succedaneum. They weakened the intestines —the Bitters invigorates them. They left the bowels inactive, because incapacitated by ensuing feebleness. The Bitters, on the contrary, and because it enables, not forces, them to act—a vast and fortunate difference—perpetuates their activity and regularity. The liver is beneficially stimulated, as the kidneys also are, by this medicine, which easily conquers, also, malaria, nervousness and rheumatism.

Important Notice.

Attend to your health. It will save your wealth. Use Dennis' Panacea and Laxative Liver Pills, headache and catarrh snuff and superior cough syrup for any case of influenza whether of the head, throat or bronchial difficulty, and you can save your self from any attack or break up and cure any case of the "La Grippe" if taken in season, and instead of using so much quinine and whiskey, use Dennis' Vegetable Compound and a plenty of the Panacea internally and externally and the cure is sure.

G. T. Dennis,

Proprietor and Manager,

Eldred, Pa. 1tf.

—A car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's dry goods Store.

EARLY CABBAGE.

Comparative Trials of Different Varieties at the Ohio Experiment Station.

Comparative trials of different varieties of early cabbage at the Ohio agricultural experiment station make it appear that the claims of seedmen for superior earliness of Etampes and Express over Early Wakefield cannot be substantiated. At this station's grounds the Early Wakefield yields a greater per cent. of its crop at a given early date than either Etampes or Express, and matures its entire crop earlier than either of the others. In market value the Early Wakefield has exceeded the Etampes and Express by about 100 per cent., the entire crop of the former being marketable, while about one-half the crops of the latter's varieties are soft and unsalable. Etampes and Express are recent European importations, and are unable to endure the heat of our summers, according to the report made by the directory.

Buist's Earliest, Extra Early Advance, Everitt's Earliest, Faust's Earliest of All, Johnson & Stokes' Earliest, Landreth's Earliest, Premier, Rawson's Volunteer and Salzer's Earliest are closely allied to Etampes, and appear to be selected strains of it, or that variety renamed. These have all proved inferior to the Early Wakefield at the Ohio station. The varieties most highly recommended for general use are: All Seasons, Chase's Excelsior, Deep Head, Early Wakefield, Early Summer, Fottler, Henderson's Succession, Louisville Drum Head, Low's Peerless, and Winningstadt.

Well Feathered Fowls.

As a rule chickens hatched out in incubators and breeders are not so well feathered as are those hatched and raised by the hen. Still the incubator in careful hands are a good institution. M. Atherton, of Massachusetts, who has had much experience, says: "The future chick is in the egg and so far as qualities are concerned it makes no difference whether it is hatched by the incubator or by the hen. How it is raised makes the difference. Put one hundred chicks into a brooder and let them huddle together and there will be a great difference. Let twelve hens roost in the trees and they will have beautiful plumage. Let them huddle together on hot nights and they will look very poorly."

A Point in Barley Culture.

According to Field and Farm, the brewers prefer the early four rowed variety, because it will sprout quicker than the two rowed and they save time in malting. But the two rowed is really the better barley. It will not do to mix the two, since they will not work on the same time. Barley requires the best of land and the best of cultivation. To sow barley on wet, undrained land, or on poorly plowed and poorly harrowed, cloddy, ill prepared land, is to throw away your seed. Oats sometimes surprise us by yielding a better crop on such land than we expected, but barley never.

Honey Receptacles for Marketing.

After extracting and ripening comes the preparation of honey for the market, bringing to the front the choice of shipping receptacles. Here, again, care must be exercised that the fine qualities of superior honey are not injured. Glass is the best material in which edible honey can be put. Honey receptacles are the acme of perfection when made of glass. Tin may be superior to glass for shipping purposes when quantity and safety of contents is considered, but there is a chance for the contents to be injured by contact with the metal surface, when the surface contains more lead than tin.

Remedy for Hog Cholera.

Southern Cultivator gives what it believes to be a sovereign remedy for hog cholera, as follows:

1. Mix equal quantities of unslacked lime and soda.
2. Mix equal quantities of alum, salt and saltpetre.
3. To one part of mixture No. 2 add two parts of mixture No. 1. Directions: As a preventive, give to each hog over one year old one tablespoonful twice a week. To cure a case, one tablespoonful every other day till a cure is effected. It is best to give in warm slops, but may be given in meal.

Buying Versus Raising Seed.

The common advice is to raise seed. We are told that if we only save a few of the best specimens for seed and then set them out we shall get seed superior to what we can buy at any price; but it is yet the question whether we could better afford to buy pedigree seed, unless we are to make seed raising a specialty. My rule in procuring seeds would be to buy the best seed you can get, and along the line of your specialties seek to originate, or at least improve, on the best strain in cultivation, said A. H. Smith before the Massachusetts board of agriculture.

Poultry Notes.

"Spring ducks" is a term that is applied to young ducks that are less than ten weeks old, and which weigh about seven or eight pounds per pair.

To prevent egg eating make the nests high and dark, and compel the hens to go in from the front.

To hatch out young turkeys during the wet season is to lose them.

Talk about laying: there is no breed that will refuse to lay well if fed well and able to eat well. Talk about quality of flesh; a young chicken of any breed is nice for the table if of hearty appetite and allowed plenty of milk and ground oats and corn.

Fowls can endure a great deal of heat in summer and much cold in winter, ordinarily. But they need fresh air, and plenty of it, at any time of the year.

The only accurate way of determining whether or not the poultry pay, and also how much, is to keep correct accounts not only of what is fed to them, but also what is used and marketed.

Splitting Diamonds.

"Do you know that a diamond has a grain or cleavage just the same as a piece of wood, mineral or crystalline substance?" said a diamond broker to a reporter. "It is possible to split or divide one into two or more pieces. Sometimes a large piece is removed at once from a gem by splitting, but it is a process attended with much risk.

"To accomplish this the stone is carefully studied, and, its line of cleavage ascertained, it is placed in hardened cement, in the proper position, and the sharp edge of a steel chisel resembling a razor is carefully adjusted so that the division will be at the points desired, and a smart rap with a hammer is given it. Perhaps no more costly blow may be struck in any mechanical work than this, for in manipulating a large diamond, if it is unskillfully given, a gem of several thousand dollars' value will be spoiled."—New York Mail and Express.

No Sentiment About Her.

He (after being accepted)—And what kind of a ring am I to buy for you, my darling?

She—Well, I like the one I wore last year ever so much. I will give you Charlie's address. Perhaps you will be able to buy the ticket from him at a bargain.—Epoch.

The unanimous consent and verdict of the people through this section of the country is that Dennis' Botanic Remedies are first-class. Everybody try them. If not satisfactory money refunded. Try the Liver Pills for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick headache. They are sure cure. T. G. Dennis, By H. L. McCoy, M. D.

THE LATE COL. E. B. KNOX.

He Was One of Ellsworth's Celebrated Regiment of Zouaves.

The recent and sudden death of Col. E. B. Knox, of Chicago, is a great loss to the already small remnant of the famous Ellsworth Zouaves, as Col. Knox not only served in that command, but was also an original member of the Chicago Cadets who were trained by Ellsworth to such efficiency that they traveled through the country exhibiting, in 1860. Col. Knox was born in Maine in 1838, and located in Chicago on reaching maturity. He was an enthusiast in military studies, and became a sergeant in the original Ellsworth Zouaves.

COL. E. B. KNOX.

When the so called Fire Zouaves were organized in New York he at once went there and joined them, becoming first lieutenant. Later he enlisted as a private in the Forty-fourth New York infantry, and rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel by the close of the war. Again he enlisted as a private, this time in the regular army, and rose to a first lieutenancy. After much active service he was retired in 1870, but served as colonel in the Illinois militia. He was a natural soldier, brave and efficient. He leaves a son and daughter, both grown. His second wife also survives.

The Forts of the Maumee.

The Maumee Valley Monumental association is taking steps for the preservation of the old time forts of the Maumee valley, and has a bill before congress to help carry out its design.

In 1888 Col. O. M. Poe, of the United States engineers, made an official examination of the different points proposed for commemoration. He reported favorably, and upon this report the bill introduced by Senator Sherman is based. It appropriates for the work the sum estimated by Col. Poe in detail as follows:

Put-in-Bay	$2,500
Fort Industry	6,000
Fort Miami	7,500
Fort Meigs	20,500
Battlefield of Fallen Timbers	5,000
Fort Defiance	5,000
Fort Wayne	5,000
Total	$65,000

These estimates were approved by Chief of Engineers Casey on Nov. 21, 1888.

The association wants the United States to acquire the title to the sites and erect the monuments suggested, and there is a belief, based on certain assurances, that the bill will become a law.

Reunited After Many Years.

A romance in real life is that which has to do with the career of Eli S. Arnold. He married Emma Eddy at Albany, N. Y., twenty-five years ago. A few months later he left his wife and went west to seek his fortune. She heard some time afterward that he was dead and married again. By her second husband she had two children. She was left a widow recently, but did not have to linger long in single blessedness, for Mr. Arnold turned up the other day, told the tale of his wanderings, was forgiven, and took his wife to Indiana to preside over the domestic details of a big farm he owns in that state.

"Lightly Thought of" in England.

At a recent sale of autographs in London a letter of Longfellow's brought only $10, while one of Mark Twain's, labeled "characteristic," went for $1. The latter was dated Nov. 7, 1872, and read: "I shall spend the greater part of next winter here with my family, and may be able to lecture a month during the autumn upon such scientific topics as I know least about and may consequently feel less trammeled in dilating upon." Referring to the low prices received The Pall Mall Budget says: "American poets and humorists are lightly thought of among the collectors of autographs."

Making Soldiers of Indians.

It has long been a frontier maxim that the only good Indian was a dead Indian, but Secretary of War Proctor evidently thinks otherwise. At any rate he recently submitted to the interior department officials a proposition to enlist 1,000 Indians into the regular army. It is proposed to officer the regiment with graduates from West Point, the subordinate grades to be filled by pupils who have been educated at the eastern schools for Indians. The secretary declares the Indians can be received into the regular army in a separate regiment, both to their own advantage and that of the service.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To The Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

News About Town.

It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with Coughs, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Any druggist will give you a trial bottle *free of cost*. It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. The Large Bottles 50c and $1.

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam for Coughs and Colds does is indeed wonderful. He authorizes all druggists to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

Invitation to the Tenth International Medical Congress.

In accordance with the decision of the Ninth Congress, at Washington, the Tenth International Medical Congress will be held at Berlin from the 4th to the 9th of August, 1890. We have the honor to inform you that we are now ready to sell you and your friends cheap excursion tickets at special rates for physicians, by the Hamburgh-American Packet Co.'s Express service. We will sell you first-class tickets from New York to Berlin and back for only $90. Just think of it! This is your golden opportunity to go to Europe. For further information address,

JNO. O. SONBERGH,

General Agent,

ap-11.tf Clermont, Pa.

A Remarkable Cure of a Case of Influenza.

Mr. M. G. Knapp in Eldred township, says that he had a very severe attack of the prevailing epidemic, with all the symptoms, such as a general aching all over and all through him. He used about 4 oz., of Dennis' Great American Panacea, using it freely externally, and also in doses of one teaspoonful diluted in sweetened water and cream once an hour during one day and night. The result was a free perspiration, renovation and a radical cure.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.

—Itch, Mange, and Scratches on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Smethport. 30 43-1y

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

You must not miss the handsomely illustrated Original Novelette,

A CORNER IN SHAWNEE,

From the pen of Henry Clews, the New York financier, which will shortly appear in this paper.

Katie Tempest, Soubrette.

All lovers of fiction should read this Story.

It is beautifully illustrated, original and copyrighted, and will soon be published in this paper.

THE SOLDIER'S DOG.

A copyrighted translation from the French of Sutter-Laumann. One of the most thrilling stories offered our readers. Soon to appear in this paper.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

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WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

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A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

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One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. FREE [illegible]

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A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

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TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DEC. 1, 1889.

WESTWARD. EASTWARD.

STATIONS: ar..Bradford..lv, Kinzua Junction, New City, Kinzua, Duke Centre, Eldred, S. E. C. & R. Co., Coryville, Little Genesee, Lv. Bolivar..Ar, Allentown, lv. Wellsville ar. [illegible]

ar. Bradford..lv, Kinzua Junc'n, Davis, Simpson, Ormsby, Smethport, Mt. Jewett

[illegible]

JNO. C. McKENNA, Gen'l Manager.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, taken effect Monday, June 24, 1887.

STATIONS: Coudersport, Mina, Sweden, Colesburg, [illegible], Burtville, Roulette, [illegible], Port Allegany. [illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE, in effect Nov. 10, 1889. TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

6:20, a. m.—Day Express, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington 8:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

3:45 p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m., Baltimore 4:20 a. m., Washington 7:30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia, and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington. Passenger coaches through from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:20 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:12 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 6:10 a. m. [illegible] Washington [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:12 p. m. [illegible]

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junction 10:20 a. m. with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

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CHAS. H. HAMMOND,

Gen'l Pass. Agt., The Lackawanna & Southwestern R. R. Co. Hornellsville, N. Y.

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